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Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification - Release 3.10 - Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties, the constitution of which is indicated in the foreword of this Workshop Agreement.

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Foreword

This CWA is revision 3.10 of the XFS interface specification.

The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop gathers suppliers as well as banks and other financial service companies. A list of companies participating in this Workshop and in support of this CWA is available from the CEN/ISSS Secretariat.

This CWA was formally approved by the XFS Workshop meeting on 2007-11-29. The specification is continuously reviewed and commented in the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. It is therefore expected that an update of the specification will be published in due time as a CWA, superseding this revision 3.10.

The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

- Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 2: Service Classes Definition Programmer's Reference
- Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 15: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 16: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 17: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 18: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface- Programmer's Reference
- Parts 19 28: Reserved for future use.
- Parts 29 through 47 constitute an optional addendum to this CWA. They define the integration between the SNMP standard and the set of status and statistical information exported by the Service Providers.
- Part 29: XFS MIB Architecture and SNMP Extensions Programmer's Reference
- Part 30: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Printer Device Class
- Part 31: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Identification Card Device Class
- Part 32: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash Dispenser Device Class
- Part 33: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions PIN Keypad Device Class
- Part 34: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Check Reader/Scanner Device Class
- Part 35: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Depository Device Class
- Part 36: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Text Terminal Unit Device Class
- Part 37: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class
- Part 38: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Camera Device Class
- Part 39: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Alarm Device Class
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- Part 45: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Dispenser Device Class
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- Part 47: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Item Processing Module Device Class
- Parts 48 60 are reserved for future use
- Part 61: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 62: Printer Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 63: Identification Card Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.02 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 64: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 65: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.03 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 66: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 67: Depository Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 68: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 69: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.01 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 70: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 71: Camera Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 72: Alarm Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 73: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.0 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 74: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.02 (CWA 14050) to Version 3.10 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from http://www.cen.eu/isss/Workshop/XFS.

The information in this document represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is furnished for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN/ISSS makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

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Comments or suggestions from the users of the CEN Workshop Agreement are welcome and should be addressed to the CEN Management Centre.

1. Migration Information

 $XFS\ 3.10$ has been designed to minimize backwards compatibility issues. This document highlights the changes made to the PTR device class between version 3.0 and 3.10, by highlighting the additions and deletions to the text.

2. Banking Printers

This specification describes the functionality of the services provided by banking printers <u>and scanning devices</u> under XFS, focusing on the following areas:

- application programming for printing
- · print document definition
- integration with the Windows architecture
- scanning images for devices such as check scanners

These descriptions include definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the WFSAsyncExecute, WFSExecute, WFSGetInfo and WFSAsyncGetInfo functions.

The requirements for printing in banking applications are significantly different from those of the conventional PC environment, and the XFS support delivers the foundation for financial application printing, including:

• Controlled access to shared printers

The banking printers can be shared between workstations and the XFS layer provides the ability for the application to manage ownership of a print device. This allows an application to identify the operator granted control of the printer, and to ensure that a teller printing multiple documents is not interrupted by work for other applications.

· Application controlled printing

In the banking environment, it is necessary for the application to receive positive feedback on the availability of print devices, and the success or failure of individual print operations. The XFS printer support provides a standard mechanism for application retrieval of this status information.

• Management of printing peripherals

Distributed banking networks require the ability to track the availability and failure of printing peripherals on a branch and system-wide basis. Through the XFS **WFSRegister** function monitoring programs can collect error alerts from the banking printers.

Vendor independent API and document definition

All of the XFS peripheral implementations are designed around a standardized family of APIs to allow application code portability across vendor hardware platforms. With printers, it is also recognized that banks invest a significant amount of resource in the authoring of print documents. The XFS printer service class is implemented around a forms model which also standardizes the basic document definition. This extends the investment protection provided by XFS compliant systems to include this additional part of the application development.

• Windows printing integration

It is possible for a banking printer to offer printing capabilities that can be accessed by non-banking specific applications, such as general office productivity packages. This would not, for example, be true for a receipt printer, but it could be the case for a device with document printing capabilities. A vendor may choose an XFS implementation that allows both types of applications (XFS and Windows applications using the Windows printing subsystem) to share the printing devices. The vendor should specify any impact this approach has on XFS subsystem operation, such as error reporting.

Full implementation of the above features depends on the individual vendor-supplied Service Providers. This specification outlines the functionality and requirements for applications using the XFS printer and scanning services, and for the development of those services.

3. Banking Printer Types

The XFS printer service defines and supports five types of banking printers through a common interface:

• Receipt Printer

The receipt printer is used to print cut sheet documents. It may or may not require insert or eject operations, and often includes an operator identification device, e.g. Teller A and Teller B lights, for shared operation.

• Journal Printer

The journal is a continuous form device used to record a hardcopy audit trail of transactions, and for certain report printing requirements.

• Passbook Printer

The passbook device is physically and functionally the most complex printer. The XFS definition supports automatic positioning of the book, as well as read/write capability for an optional integrated magnetic stripe. The implementation also manages the book geometry - i.e. the margins and centerfolds - presenting the simplest possible application interface while delivering the full range of functionality.

Some passbook devices also support the dispensing of new passbooks from up to four passbook paper sources (upper, aux, aux2, lower). Some passbook devices may also be able to place a full passbook in a parking station, print the new passbook and return both to the customer. Passbooks can only be dispensed or moved from the parking station if there is no other media in the print position or in the entry/exit slot.

• Document Printer

Document printing is similar to receipt printing - a set of fields are positioned on one or more inserted sheets of paper - but the focus is on full-size forms. It should be noted that the XFS environment supports the printing of text and graphic fields from the application. The electronic printing of the form image (the template portion of the form which is usually pre-printed with dot-matrix style printers) may also be printed by the application.

Scanner Printer

The scanner printer is a device incorporating both the capabilities to scan inserted documents and optionally to print on them. These devices may have more than one area where documents may be retained

Additional hardware components, like scanners, stripe readers, OCR readers, and stamps, normally attached directly to the printer are also controlled through this interface. <u>Additionally the Printer and Scanning class interface can also be used for devices that are capable of scanning without necessarily printing. This includes devices such as Check Scanners.</u>

The specification refers to the terms paper and media. When the term paper is used this refers to paper that is situated in a paper supply attached to the device. The term media is used for media that is inserted by the customer (e.g. check and other material that is scanned) or that is issued to the customer (e.g. a receipt or statement). Receipt, document printers and also passbook printers with white passbook dispensing capability have both. As soon as the paper gets printed it becomes media. Scanners only have media. The term media does not apply to journal printers. When paper is in the print position it is classified as media, on some printers that maintain paper under the print head there will always be both media and paper.

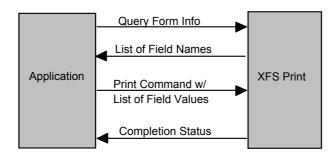
Deleted: That means that a journal printer has only paper and scanners have only media.

4. Forms Model

The XFS printing class functionality is based on a "forms" model for printing. Banking documents are represented as a series of text and/or graphic fields output from the application, and positioned on the document by the XFS printing system.

The form is an object which includes the positioning and presentation information for each of the fields in the document. The application selects a form, and supplies only the field data and the control parameters to fully define the print document.

The form objects are owned and managed by the XFS printing service. To optimize maintainability of the system, the application can query the service for the list of fields required to print a given form. Through this mechanism, it is not necessary to duplicate the field contents of forms in application authoring data. The figure below outlines the printing process from the application's view.



The XFS implementation recognizes that the form object must be supported by job-specific data to fully address printing requirements. As an example, a form defining a passbook print line will need to have its origin defined externally in order to be reused for different passbook lines. These job specific parameters are supplied on the call to the **WFSExecute**: WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM command.

In some cases, the application wants to print a block of data without considering it as a series of separate fields. One example is a line of journal data, fully formatted by the application. This can be handled by defining a one field form, or by use of the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA command.

The document definition under XFS printing is standardized to provide portability across vendor implementations. The standard has been defined at the source language level for the document definition, allowing vendor differences at the runtime level to manage implementation specific dependencies, providing several areas where vendors can provide value-added extensions. As an example, a vendor providing a graphical form definition tool can produce the field definition object format directly. The XFS requirements for portability are:

- A vendor must be able to export print format in the standardized field definition source format for portability to other systems.
- A vendor must be able to import document formats produced on other systems in the standardized field definition source format.
- A vendor can extend the field definition source language, but any verbs included in the standard must be implemented strictly as defined by the standard. Import and export facilities must be tolerant of source language extensions, reporting but ignoring the exceptions.

The document definition also recognizes that unique hardware restrictions may require tuning of field positioning from one vendor's platform to another. To enhance portability, the XFS document format has specifically been defined to allow a single reference adjustment for all fields to avoid forcing the customer to reposition each field.

5. References

1. XFS Application Programming Interface (API)/Service Provider Interface (SPI), Programmer's Reference Revision 3.10

6. Command Overview

The basic operation of the print devices is managed using the WFSGetInfo/WFSAsyncGetInfo and WFSExecute/WFSAsyncExecute functions, with two primary commands:

WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY FORM

This command retrieves the form header information, and the list of fields. It is performed using **WFSGetInfo**, which means that it can be performed even when the service is locked by another user.

WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM

This command is performed using **WFSExecute**, and includes as parameter data the name of the form to select and the required field data values.

This approach combines in the most efficient manner the four logical steps required to print a form:

- · Selecting a document form object.
- · Querying the service for the list of fields.
- Supplying the data for each field.
- · Issuing the print command.

By using a **WFSGetInfo** command for retrieval of the list of field names, rather than **WFSExecute** (which is blocked when the service is locked by another application), it is possible for an application to assemble the required set of fields for a form before locking the service. This minimizes the time that each application request ties up the service. Using **WFSGetInfo**, it is also possible to query the attributes of a particular field. This command is generally not required for most applications.

The combination of form selection, field value presentation, and the print action into an atomic command - the WFSExecute: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command - makes it possible to express a complete print operation with one API call. This implementation allows an application to perform a print operation without locking and subsequently unlocking the service (although locking may still be desirable for other reasons). To do multiple print operations without allowing other applications to intersperse their print requests, it is still necessary to use the lock functions. Where these multiple print functions represent a series of passbook lines (using the INDEX capability in the field definition), the WFSExecute: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command provides support for management of the print line number. Note that if a form contains a tabular field (i.e. one with a non-zero INDEX value), and data is not supplied for some of the lines in the "table", then those lines are left blank.

For printers with the capability to read from a passbook (OCR, MICR and/or magnetic stripe), the data is read with the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM command. The data is written using the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command. Since these devices are usable only for passbook operations, they are not defined as separate logical devices.

Finally, the WFSExecute: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command can be used to print a file that contains a complete print job in the native printer language. This file will have been created through the Windows GDI.

7. Info Commands

7.1 WFS_INF_PTR_STATUS

Description This command is used to request status information for the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPTRSTATUS lpStatus;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_status
     WORD
     WORD
     WORD
                          fwPaper[WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE];
     WORD
                          fwToner;
     WORD
                          fwInk;
     WORD
                          fwLamp;
     LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS *lppRetractBins;
     USHORT
                          usMediaOnStacker;
     LPSTR
                          lpszExtra;
                          dwGuidLights[WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
     DWORD
     WORD
                          wDevicePosition;
     USHORT
                          usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
     } WFSPTRSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRSTATUS;
```

fwDevice

Specifies the state of the print device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE	The device is online (i.e. powered on and
	operable).
WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE	The device is offline (e.g. the operator has
	taken the device offline by turning a switch
	or pulling out the device).
WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is powered off or physically not
	connected.
WFS_PTR_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device intended to be there; e.g.
	this type of self service machine does not
	contain such a device or it is internally not
	configured.
WFS PTR DEVHWERROR	The device is inoperable due to a hardware
WIS_IIK_DEVIIWERCOR	error.
WFS PTR DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is
- -	preventing proper device operation.
WFS PTR DEVBUSY	The device is busy and unable to process an
···	execute command at this time.
WFS PTR DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	The device is present but has detected a
WID TIK DEVIKAODATIEMIT	fraud attempt.
	<u>mauu antempt.</u>

fwMedia

Specifies the state of the print media (i.e. receipt, statement, passbook, etc.) as one of the following values. This field does not apply to journal printers:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	Media is in the print position, on the stacker
	or on the transport (i.e. a passbook in the
	parking station is not considered to be
	present). On devices with continuous paper
	supplies, this value is set when paper is
	under the print head. On devices with
	individual sheet supplies, this value is set
	when paper is successfully inserted/loaded.
WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTPRESENT	Media is not in the print position or on the
	stacker.

WFS PTR MEDIAJAMMED	Media is jammed in the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTSUPP	The capability to report the state of the print media is not supported by the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The state of the print media cannot be determined with the device in its current state.
WFS PTR MEDIAENTERING	Media is at the entry/exit slot of the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Media was retracted during the reset operation.

fwPaper [...]

Specifies the state of the paper supplies. A number of paper supplies are defined below. Vendor specific paper supplies are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum paper index is WFS PTR SUPPLYMAX.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYUPPER]

Specifies the state of the only paper supply or the upper paper supply, if more than one, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER]

Specifies the state of the lower paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYEXTERNAL]

Specifies the state of the external paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYAUX]

Specifies the state of the auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2]

Specifies the state of the second auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK]

Specifies the state of the parking station as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The parking station is busy.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The parking station is free.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The parking station is jammed.

fwToner

Specifies the state of the toner or ink supply or the state of the ribbon as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL	The toner or ink supply is full or the ribbon is OK.
WFS_PTR_TONERLOW	The toner or ink supply is low or the print contrast with a ribbon is weak.
WFS_PTR_TONEROUT	The toner or ink supply is empty or the print contrast with a ribbon is not sufficient any more.
WFS_PTR_TONERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_TONERUNKNOWN	Status of toner or ink supply or the ribbon cannot be determined with device in its current state.

fwInk

Specifies the status of the stamping ink in the printer as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_INKFULL	Ink supply in device is full.
WFS_PTR_INKLOW	Ink supply in device is low.
WFS_PTR_INKOUT	Ink supply in device is empty.
WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_INKUNKNOWN	Status of the stamping ink supply cannot be
	determined with device in its current state.

fwLamp

Specifies the status of the printer imaging lamp as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_LAMPOK	The lamp is OK.
WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING	The lamp should be changed.
WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP	The lamp is inoperative.
WFS_PTR_LAMPNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_LAMPUNKNOWN	Status of the imaging lamp cannot be
	determined with device in its current state.

lppRetractBins

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to WFSPTRRETRACTBINS structures (one for each supported bin). The first pointer holds the structure for bin one, the second for bin two and so on. A NULL pointer is returned if no retract bin is supported.

wRetractBin

Specifies the state of the printer retract bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK	The retract bin of the printer is in a
	healthy state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin of the printer is full.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device
	in its current state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH	The retract bin of the printer is nearly
	full.
WFS PTR RETRACTBINMISSING	The retract bin is missing.

usRetractCount

The number of media retracted to this bin. This value is persistent; it may be reset to zero by the WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT command.

usMediaOnStacker

The number of media on stacker; applicable only to printers with stacking capability.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicators. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS MAX.

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as

WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE, WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, and optionally one type C.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS PTR GUIDANCE NOT AVAILABLE	The status is not available.	A
WFS PTR GUIDANCE OFF	The light is turned off.	<u>A</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE SLOW FLASH	The light is blinking slowly.	B
WFS PTR GUIDANCE MEDIUM FLASH	The light is blinking medium	B
	frequency.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE QUICK FLASH	The light is blinking quickly.	<u>B</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CONTINUOUS	The light is turned on	<u>B</u>
	continuous (steady).	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE RED	The light is red.	<u>C</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE GREEN	The light is green.	<u>C</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE YELLOW	The light is yellow.	<u>C</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE BLUE	The light is blue.	<u>C</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CYAN	The light is cyan.	<u>C</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE MAGENTA	The light is magenta.	<u>C</u>
WFS PTR GUIDANCE WHITE	The light is white.	C

dwGuidLights [WFS PTR GUIDANCE PRINTER]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator on the printer unit.

<u>wDevicePosition</u>

Specifies the device position. The device position value is independent of the *fwDevice* value, e.g. when the device position is reported as WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION, *fwDevice* can have any of the values defined above (including WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE or WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE). If the device is not in its normal operating position (i.e. WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION) then media may not be presented through the normal customer interface. This value is one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating
	position, or is fixed in place and cannot be
	moved.
WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its
	normal operating position.
WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	Due to a hardware error or other condition,
	the position of the device cannot be
	<u>determined.</u>
WFS PTR DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	The physical device does not have the
	capability of detecting the position

$\underline{usPowerSaveRecoveryTime}$

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state from the current power saving mode. This value is zero if either the power saving mode has not been activated or no power save control is supported.

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

In the case where communications with the device has been lost, the *fwDevice* field will report WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF when the device has been removed or WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR if the communications are unexpectedly lost. All other fields should contain a value based on the following rules and priority:

- 1. Report the value as unknown.
- 2. Report the value as a general h/w error.
- 3. Report the value as the last known value.

7.2 WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES

Description This command is used to request device capability information.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPTRCAPS lpCaps;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_caps
     WORD
                           wClass;
     WORD
                           fwType;
     BOOL
                           bCompound;
     WORD
                           wResolution;
     WORD
                           fwReadForm;
     WORD
                           fwWriteForm;
     WORD
                           fwExtents;
                           fwControl;
     WORD
     USHORT
                           usMaxMediaOnStacker;
     BOOL
                           bAcceptMedia;
     BOOL
                           bMultiPage;
     WORD
                           fwPaperSources;
     BOOL
                           bMediaTaken;
     USHORT
                           usRetractBins;
     LPUSHORT
                           lpusMaxRetract;
     WORD
                           fwImageType;
     WORD
                           fwFrontImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           fwBackImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           fwCodelineFormat;
     WORD
                           fwImageSource;
     WORD
                           fwCharSupport;
     BOOL
                           bDispensePaper;
     LPSTR
                           lpszExtra;
     DWORD
                           dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
                           lpszWindowsPrinter;
     LPSTR
     BOOL
                           bMediaPresented;
     USHORT
                           usAutoRetractPeriod;
     BOOL
                           bRetractToTransport;
     BOOL
                           bPowerSaveControl;
     } WFSPTRCAPS, *LPWFSPTRCAPS;
```

wClass

Specifies the logical service class as WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PTR.

fwTvne

Specifies the type(s) of the physical device driven by the logical service, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TYPERECEIPT	Device is a receipt printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEPASSBOOK	Device is a passbook printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEJOURNAL	Device is a journal printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEDOCUMENT	Device is a document printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPESCANNER	Device is a scanner with printing
	capabilities.

bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device.

wResolution

Specifies at which resolution(s) the physical device can print. Used by the application to select the level of print quality desired (e.g. as in Word for Windows); does not imply any absolute level of resolution, only relative. Specified as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RESLOW	Can print with low resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESMED	Can print with medium resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	Can print with high resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	Can print with very high resolution.

fwReadForm

Specifies whether the device can read data from media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_READOCR	Device has OCR capability.
WFS_PTR_READMICR	Device has MICR capability.
WFS_PTR_READMSF	Device has MSF capability.
WFS_PTR_READBARCODE	Device has Barcode capability.
WFS_PTR_READPAGEMARK	Device has Page Mark capability.
WFS_PTR_READIMAGE	Device has imaging capability.
WFS_PTR_READEMPTYLINE	Device has capability to detect empty print
	lines for passbook printing.

fwWriteForm

Specifies whether the device can write data to the media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT	Device has Text capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS	Device has Graphics capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR	Device has OCR capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR	Device has MICR capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF	Device has MSF capability.
WFS PTR WRITEBARCODE	Device has Barcode capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP	Device has stamping capability.

fwExtents

Specifies whether the device is able to measure the inserted media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL	Device has horizontal size detection
	capability.
WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL	Device has vertical size detection capability.

fwControl

Specifies the manner in which media can be controlled, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Device can eject media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Device can perforate media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Device can cut media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	Device can skip to mark.
WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	Device can be sent data that is buffered
	internally, and flushed to the printer on
	request.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Device can retract media <u>under application</u>
	<u>control</u> .
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK	Device can stack media items before ejecting
	as a bundle.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	Device can partially cut the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM	Device can ring a bell, beep or otherwise
	sound an audible alarm.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD	Capability to turn one page forward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD	Capability to turn one page backward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA	Device can turn inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP	Device can stamp on media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK	Device can park a document into the parking
	station.
WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL	Device can expel media out of the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT	Device can move media to a position on the
	transport just behind the exit slot.

usMaxMediaOnStacker

Specifies the maximum number of media items that the stacker can hold (zero if not available).

Specifies whether the device is able to accept media while no execute command is running that is waiting explicitly for media to be inserted. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

bMultiPage

Specifies whether the device is able to support multiple page print jobs. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

fwPaperSources

Specifies the Paper sources available for this printer as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Indicates an upper paper source is available; devices with only one paper supply must indicate WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER as being available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Indicates a lower paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Indicates an external paper source (such as envelope tray or single sheet feed) is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	An auxiliary paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	A second auxiliary paper source is available. A parking station is available.

bMediaTaken

Specifies whether the device is able to detect when the media is taken from the exit slot. If FALSE, the WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event is not fired. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

usRetractBins

Specifies the number of retract bins (zero if not supported).

lpusMaxRetract

Pointer to an array of the length *usRetractBins* with the maximum number of media items that each retract bin can hold (one count for each supported bin, starting from 0 for bin number one to *usRetractBins*-1 for bin number *usRetractBins*). NULL pointer if the device has no retract bin.

fwImageType

Specifies the image format supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The device can return scanned images in
	TIFF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The device can return scanned images in
	WMF (Windows Metafile) format.
WFS PTR IMAGEBMP	The device can return scanned images in
	Windows BMP format.
WFS PTR IMAGEJPG	The device can return scanned images in
	JPG format.

fw Front Image Color Format

Specifies the front image color formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The device can return scanned images in binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors back and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The device can return scanned images in gray scale (image contains multiple gray colors).

WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL

The device can return scanned images in full color (image contains colors like red, green, blue etc.).

fwBackImageColorFormat

Specifies the back image color formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The device can return scanned images in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors back and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The device can return scanned images in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray
	colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The device can return scanned images in full
	color (image contains colors like red, green,
	blue etc.).

fwCodelineFormat

Specifies the code line (MICR data) formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	The device can read CMC7 code lines.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	The device can read E13B code lines.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	The device can read code lines using Optical
	Character Recognition.

fwImageSource

Specifies the source for the read image command supported by this device, as a combination of the following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The device can scan the front image of the
	document.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The device can scan the back image of the
	document.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The device can recognize the code line.

fwCharSupport

One or more flags specifying the character sets, in addition to single byte ASCII, that is supported by the Service Provider:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ASCII	ASCII is supported for XFS forms.
WFS PTR UNICODE	UNICODE is supported for XFS forms.

For *fwCharSupport*, a Service Provider can support ONLY ASCII forms or can support BOTH ASCII and UNICODE forms. A Service Provider can not support UNICODE forms without also supporting ASCII forms.

bDispensePaper

Specifies whether the device is able to dispense paper. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies which guidance lights are available. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX.

The elements of this array are specified as a combination of the following flags and indicate all of the possible flash rates (type B) and colors (type C) that the guidance light indicator is capable of handling. If the guidance light indicator only supports one color then no value of type C is returned. A value of WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE indicates that the device has no guidance light indicator or the device controls the light directly with no application control possible.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS PTR GUIDANCE NOT AVAILABLE	There is no guidance light control	A
	available at this position.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light can be off.	В
WFS PTR GUIDANCE SLOW FLASH	The light can blink slowly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light can blink medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE QUICK FLASH	The light can blink quickly.	В
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CONTINUOUS	The light can be	В
	continuous (steady).	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE RED	The light can be red.	C
WFS PTR GUIDANCE GREEN	The light can be green.	C
WFS PTR GUIDANCE YELLOW	The light can be yellow.	C
WFS PTR GUIDANCE BLUE	The light can be blue.	C
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CYAN	The light can be cyan.	C
WFS PTR GUIDANCE MAGENTA	The light can be magenta.	C
WFS PTR GUIDANCE WHITE	The light can be white.	C

dwGuidLights [WFS PTR GUIDANCE PRINTER]

Specifies whether the guidance light indicator on the printer unit is available.

lpszWindowsPrinter

Specifies the name of the default logical Windows printer that is associated with this Service Provider. Applications should use this printer name to generate native printer files (i.e. .PRN) to be printed through the WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command. This value will be NULL if the Service Provider does not support the WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command.

bMediaPresented

Specifies whether the device is able to detect when the media is presented to the user for removal. If TRUE, the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event is fired. If FALSE, the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event is not fired.

<u>usAutoRetractPeriod</u>

Specifies the number of seconds before the device will automatically retract the presented media. If the command that generated the media is still active when the media is automatically retracted, the command will complete with a WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTED error. If the device does not retract media automatically this value will be zero.

<u>bRetractToTransport</u>

Specifies whether the device is able to retract the previously ejected media to the transport. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

<u>bPowerSaveControl</u>

Specifies whether power saving control is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

7.3 WFS_INF_PTR_FORM_LIST

Description This command is used to retrieve the list of forms available on the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPSTR lpszFormList;

lpszFormList

Pointer to a list of null-terminated form names, with the final name terminating with two null

characters.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

7.4 WFS_INF_PTR_MEDIA_LIST

Description This command is used to retrieve the list of media definitions available on the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPSTR lpszMediaList;

lpsz Media List

Pointer to a list of null-terminated media names, with the final name terminating with two null

characters.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

7.5 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified form.

Input Param LPSTR lpszFormName;

lpszFormName

Points to the null-terminated form name on which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSFRMHEADER lpHeader;

```
typedef struct _wfs_frm_header
     LPSTR
                            lpszFormName;
     WORD
                            wBase:
     WORD
                            wUnitX:
     WORD
                            wUnitY;
     WORD
                            wWidth;
     WORD
                            wHeight;
     WORD
                            wAlignment;
     WORD
                            wOrientation;
     WORD
                            wOffsetX;
     WORD
                            wOffsetY;
                            wVersionMajor;
     WORD
                            wVersionMinor;
     LPSTR
                            lpszUserPrompt;
                            fwCharSupport;
     WORD
     LPSTR
                            lpszFields:
     WORD
                            wLanguageID:
     } WFSFRMHEADER, *LPWFSFRMHEADER;
```

lpszFormName

Specifies the null-terminated name of the form.

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the form and can be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS FRM ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the wBase value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the wBase value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

wWidth

Specifies the width of the form in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

Specifies the height of the form in terms of the base vertical resolution.

Specifies the relative alignment of the form on the media and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_TOPLEFT	The form is aligned relative to the top and
	left edges of the media.
WFS_FRM_TOPRIGHT	The form is aligned relative to the top and
	right edges of the media.
WFS_FRM_BOTTOMLEFT	The form is aligned relative to the bottom
	and left edges of the media.

WFS_FRM_BOTTOMRIGHT

The form is aligned relative to the bottom and right edges of the media.

wOrientation

Specifies the orientation of the form and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_PORTRAIT	The orientation of the form is portrait.
WFS FRM LANDSCAPE	The orientation of the form is landscape.

wOffsetX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the position of the top-left corner of the form, relative to the left or right edge specified by *wAlignment*. This value is specified in terms of the base horizontal resolution and is always positive.

wOffsetY

Specifies the vertical offset of the position of the top-left corner of the form, relative to the top or bottom edge specified by *wAlignment*. This value is specified in terms of the base vertical resolution and is always positive.

wVersionMajor

Specifies the major version of the form. If the version is not specified in the form, then zero is returned.

wVersionMinor

Specifies the minor version of the form. If the version is not specified in the form, then zero is returned.

lpszUserPrompt

Pointer to a null-terminated user prompt string. <u>NULL will be returned if the form does not define a value for the user prompt.</u>

fwCharSupport

A single flag specifying the Character Set in which the form is encoded:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ASCII	ASCII is supported for XFS forms initial
	data values and FORMAT strings.
WFS_PTR_UNICODE	UNICODE is supported for XFS forms
	initial data values and FORMAT strings.

lpszFields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

wLanguageID

Specifies the language identifier for the form.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form is invalid.

Comments

None.

7.6 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_MEDIA

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified media.

Input Param LPSTR lpszMediaName;

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name about which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSFRMMEDIA lpMedia;

```
typedef struct _wfs_frm_media
                            fwMediaType;
     WORD
     WORD
                            wBase:
     WORD
                            wUnitX:
     WORD
                            wUnitY;
                            wSizeWidth;
     WORD
     WORD
                            wSizeHeight;
     WORD
                            wPageCount;
     WORD
                            wLineCount;
     WORD
                            wPrintAreaX;
     WORD
                            wPrintAreaY;
     WORD
                            wPrintAreaWidth;
     WORD
                            wPrintAreaHeight;
     WORD
                            wRestrictedAreaX;
                            wRestrictedAreaY;
     WORD
     WORD
                            wRestrictedAreaWidth:
     WORD
                            wRestrictedAreaHeight;
     WORD
                            wStagger;
     WORD
                            wFoldType;
     WORD
                            wPaperSources;
     } WFSFRMMEDIA, *LPWFSFRMMEDIA;
```

fwMediaType

Specifies the type of media as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_MEDIAGENERIC	The media is a generic media, i.e. a single
	sheet.
WFS FRM MEDIAPASSBOOK	The media is a passbook media.
WFS_FRM_MEDIAMULTIPART	The media is a multi part media.
WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK	sheet. The media is a passbook media.

wBase

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the form and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

wUnitY

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

wSizeWidth

Specifies the width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wSizeHeight

Specifies the height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wPageCoun

Specifies the number of pages in a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wLineCount

Specifies the number of lines on a page for a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wPrintAreaX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the printable area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wPrintAreaY

Specifies the vertical offset of the printable area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wPrintAreaWidth

Specifies the printable area width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wPrintAreaHeight

Specifies the printable area height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wRestrictedAreaX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the restricted area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wRestrictedAreaY

Specifies the vertical offset of the restricted area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wRestrictedAreaWidth

Specifies the restricted area width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wRestrictedAreaHeight

Specifies the restricted area height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wStagger

Specifies the staggering from the top in terms of the base vertical resolution for a media of type WFS FRM MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wFoldType

Specified the type of fold (vertical, horizontal or none) for a media of type

WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_FOLDNONE	Passbook has no fold.
WFS_FRM_FOLDHORIZONTAL	Passbook has a horizontal fold.
WFS_FRM_FOLDVERTICAL	Passbook has a vertical fold.

wPaperSources

Specifies the Paper sources to use when printing forms using this media as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PTR PAPERANY	Use any paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only or the upper paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be
	found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.

Comments

None.

WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FIELD

Description

This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a single or all fields on a specified

Input Param

LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD lpQueryField;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_query_field
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     LPSTR
                           lpszFieldName;
     } WFSPTRQUERYFIELD, *LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD;
```

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated form name.

lpszFieldName

Pointer to the null-terminated name of the field about which to retrieve details. If the value of lpszFieldName is NULL, then details are retrieved for all fields on the form. Depending upon whether the form is encoded in UNICODE representation either the *lpszInitialValue* or lpszUNICODEInitialValue output fields are used to retrieve the field Initial Value.

Output Param LPWFSFRMFIELD *lppFields;

lppFields

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSFRMFIELD structures:

```
typedef struct _wfs_frm_field
     LPSTR
                           lpszFieldName;
     WORD
                           wIndexCount;
     WORD
                           fwType;
     WORD
                           fwClass;
                           fwAccess;
     WORD
     WORD
                           fwOverflow;
                           lpszInitialValue;
     LPSTR
     LPWSTR
                           lpszUNICODEInitialValue;
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormat:
                           lpszUNICODEFormat;
     LPWSTR
     WORD
                           wLanguageID;
     } WFSFRMFIELD, *LPWFSFRMFIELD;
```

lpszFieldName

Pointer to the null-terminated field name.

Specifies the number of entries for an index field. A value of zero indicates that this field is not an index field. Index fields are typically used to present information in a tabular fashion.

Specifies the type of field and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_FIELDTEXT	The field is a text field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDMICR	The field is a Magnetic Ink Character
	Recognition field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDOCR	The field is an Optical Character
	Recognition field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDMSF	The field is a Magnetic Stripe Facility field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDBARCODE	The field is a Barcode field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDGRAPHIC	The field is a Graphic field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDPAGEMARK	The field is a Page Mark field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDBARCODE WFS_FRM_FIELDGRAPHIC	The field is a Barcode field. The field is a Graphic field.

fwClass

Specifies the class of the field and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_CLASSSTATIC	The field data cannot be set by the
	application.

WFS_FRM	_CLASSOPTIONAL
WFS_FRM	CLASSREQUIRED

The field data can be set by the application. The field data must be set by the application.

fwAccess

Specifies whether the field is to be used for input, output, or both and can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_ACCESSREAD	The field is used for input.
WFS_FRM_ACCESSWRITE	The field is used for output.

fwOverflow

Specifies how an overflow of field data should be handled and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_OVFTERMINATE	Return an error and terminate printing of the
	form.
WFS_FRM_OVFTRUNCATE	Truncate the field data to fit in the field.
WFS_FRM_OVFBESTFIT	Fit the text in the field.
WFS_FRM_OVFOVERWRITE	Print the field data beyond the extents of the
	field boundary.
WFS_FRM_OVFWORDWRAP	If the field can hold more than one line the
	text is wrapped around.

lpszInitialValue

The initial value of the field. When the form is printed (using WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM), this value will be used if another value is not provided. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is encoded in UNICODE.

lpszUNICODEInitialValue

The initial value of the field when form is encoded in UNICODE. When the form is printed (using WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM), this value will be used if another value is not provided. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is not encoded in UNICODE.

lpszFormat

Format string as defined in the form for this field. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is encoded in UNICODE.

lpszUNICODEFormat

Format string as defined in the form for this field when form is encoded in UNICODE. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is not encoded in UNICODE.

wLanguageID

Specifies the language identifier for the field.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND	The specified field cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDINVALID	The specified field is invalid.

Comments

None.

7.8 WFS INF PTR CODELINE MAPPING

Description

This command is used to retrieve the byte code mapping for the special banking symbols defined for image processing (e.g. check processing). This mapping must be reported as there is no standard for the fonts defined below.

Input Param LPWFSCODELINEMAPPING lpCodelineMapping;

<u>wCodeLineFormat</u>

Specifies the code-line format that the mapping for the special characters is required for. This field can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PTR CODELINECMC7	Report the CMC7 mapping.
WFS PTR CODELINEE13B	Report the E13B mapping.

Output Param LPWFSCODELINEMAPPINGOUT lpCodelineMapping;

$\underline{wCodeLineFormat}$

Specifies the code-line format that is being reported.

lpxCharMapping

Defines the mapping of the font specific symbols to byte values. These byte values are used to represent the font specific characters when the code line is read through the

WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE command. The font specific meaning of each index is defined in the following tables:

E13B

Ind	<u>ex</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	
that val	nbol t byte ue resents	<u>'i</u>	10	<u> •</u>	<u>III</u>	<u>N/A</u>	
<u>Me</u>	aning	<u>Transit</u>	<u>Amount</u>	On Us	<u>Dash</u>	Reject / Unreadable	
CMC7							
Ind	<u>ex</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Syr	<u>nbol</u>	<u>IIII</u>	uil	!!!!	 	1 11;	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Me</u>	aning	S1 - Start of Bank Account	S2 - Start of the Amount field	S3 - Terminate Routing	S4 - Unused	S5 - Transit / Routing	Reject / Unreadable

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

8. Execute Commands

8.1 WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA

Description

This command is used to control a form drawn in by the device (e.g. after reading or in case of termination of an application request).

If an eject operation is specified, it completes when the media is moved to the exit slot. A service event is generated when the media has been taken by the user (only if field *bMediaTaken* defined in structure WFSPTRCAPS is equal to TRUE).

Input Param

LPDWORD lpdwMediaControl;

lpdw Media Control

Pointer to a value which specifies the manner in which the media should be handled, as a combination of the following bit-flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Flush any data to the printer that has not yet
	been printed from previous
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM or
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE
	commands, then eject the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Flush data as above, then perforate the
WEG PED CEDICUE	media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Flush data as above, then cut the media. For
	printers which have the ability to stack
	multiple cut sheets and deliver them as a
	single bundle to the customer, cut causes the
	media to be stacked and eject causes the bundle to be moved to the exit slot.
WEC DID CIDICKID	Flush data as above, then skip the media to
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	mark.
WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	Flush any data to the printer that has not yet
WIS_ITK_CIRLILOSH	been printed from previous
	WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM or
	WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE
	commands.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Flush data as above, then retract the media to
W15_111_011@101	retract bin number one, for devices with
	more than one bin the command
	WFS CMD PTR RETRACT MEDIA
	should be used if the media should be
	retracted to another bin than bin number one.
WFS PTR CTRLSTACK	Flush data as above, then move the media
	item on the internal stacker.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	Flush the data as above, then partially cut the
	media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM	Cause the printer to ring a bell, beep, or
	otherwise sound an audible alarm.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD	Flush the data as above, then turn one page
	forward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD	Flush the data as above, then turn one page
	backward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA	Flush the data as above, then turn inserted
WEG DED GEDY GELVED	media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP	Flush the data as above, then stamp on
WEG DED GEDINARY	inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK	Park the media in the parking station.
WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL	Flush the data as above, then throw the
	media out of the exit slot.

WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT F

Flush the data as above, then move the media to a position on the transport just behind the exit slot.

Deleted: No

Deleted: is present

It is not possible to combine the flags WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT, WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT, WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL with each other. In this case the command completes with WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA.

An application should be aware that the sequence of the actions is not guaranteed if more than one flag is specified in this parameter.

Output Param

None

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	The control action could not be completed because there is no media in the device, the media is not in a position where it can be controlled, or (in the case of WFS PTR CTRLRETRACT) has been
	removed.
WFS ERR PTR FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and the parking station is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	it. The device is clear and can be used. Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted
	before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value Meaning

WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

The retract bin is high or full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes high or full. It is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL status.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with

WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.

WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD

The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or

WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.

WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD

The stamping ink supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or

WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.

WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED

Media has been presented for removal. See

section 11 for further details.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically

Comments

None.

8.2 WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM

Description

This command is used to print a form by merging the supplied variable field data with the defined form and field data specified in the form. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted from the external paper source.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM lpPrintForm;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_print_form
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     LPSTR
                           lpszMediaName;
     WORD
                           wAlignment;
     WORD
                           wOffsetX;
     WORD
                           wOffsetY;
     WORD
                           wResolution;
                           dwMediaControl;
     DWORD
     LPSTR
                           lpszFields;
     LPWSTR
                           lpszUNICODEFields;
     WORD
                           wPaperSource:
     } WFSPTRPRINTFORM, *LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM;
```

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated form name.

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name. <u>IpszMediaName</u> is <u>NULL</u> if no media definition applies.

wAlignment

Specifies the alignment of the form on the physical media, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ALNUSEFORMDEFN	Use the alignment specified in the form
	definition.
WFS_PTR_ALNTOPLEFT	Align form to top left of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNTOPRIGHT	Align form to top right of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMLEFT	Align form to bottom left of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMRIGHT	Align form to bottom right of physical
	media.

wOffsetX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the form, relative to the horizontal alignment specified in *wAlignment*, in horizontal resolution units (from form definition); always a positive number (i.e. if aligned to the right side of the media, means offset the form to the left). A value of WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN indicates that the *xoffset* value from the form definition should be used.

wOffsetY

Specifies the vertical offset of the form, relative to the vertical alignment specified in *wAlignment*, in vertical resolution units (from form definition); always a positive number (i.e. if aligned to the bottom of the media, means offset the form upward). A value of

WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN indicates that the *yoffset* value from the form definition should be used.

wResolution

Specifies the resolution in which to print the form. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RESLOW	Print form with low resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESMED	Print form with medium resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	Print form with high resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	Print form with very high resolution.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after the printing <u>is</u> done, as a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA. A zero value of this parameter means to do none of these actions, as when printing multiple forms on a single page.

lpszFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

lpszUNICODEFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" UNICODE strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

The *lpszUNICODEFields* field should only be used if the form is encoded in UNICODE representation. This can be determined with the WFS_PTR_INF_QUERY_FORM command.

wPaperSource

Specifies the Paper source to use when printing this form. When the value is zero, then the paper source is determined from the media definition. This parameter is ignored if there is already paper in the print position. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source (such as
	envelope tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form definition cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW	The form overflowed the media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE	The syntax of the <i>lpszFields</i> member is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR	An error occurred while processing a field, causing termination of the print request. An execute event WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR is posted with the details.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED	The media skew exceeded the limit in the form definition.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.

00	
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media
	can be moved to the stacker.
WFS ERR PTR PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted
	media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention
	is required.
WFS ERR PTR CHARSETDATA	Character set(s) supported by Service
	Provider is inconsistent with use of
	lpszFields or lpszUNICODEFields fields.
WFS ERR PTR PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS ERR PTR PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS ERR PTR INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply
W10_EMC_1 11C_1 111001	empty.
WFS ERR PTR TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing
WIS_EME_I IN_I SINEMOOF	contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS ERR PTR SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
WIS_ERRE_I IN_SEQUENCEMVIRED	sequence (e.g. dwMediaControl =
	WFS PTR CTRLPARK and park position
	is busy).
WFS ERR PTR SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported
WIS_ERK_I IN_SOURCEMVALID	by the hardware.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject
WIO_DRIC_TIC_MEDITRESTATION	it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS ERR PTR BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has
WI DEBITE IN THE BEST OF THE B	been printed.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and
WID_DIGG_TITE_IMBDITISTED	the media remains inside the device.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion
	phase and no data has been printed. The
	WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted
WIO_ERR_TITE_WEDITREETERS	before all wads could be presented and
	before the command could complete
	successfully.
WFS ERR PTR MSFERROR	An error occurred while writing the
WF9_ERK_FTK_WISTERKUK	magnetic stripe data.
WFS ERR PTR NOMSF	No magnetic stripe data. No magnetic stripe found; media may have
WLO TWELLING MOINDL	been inserted or pulled through the wrong
	<u>way.</u>
addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1	1 the following events can be generated by this

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	A fatal error occurred while processing a field.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	A non-fatal error occurred while processing a field.
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is full; operator intervention
	is required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the bin becomes
	full. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.

WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS PTR PAPERLOW or WFS PTR PAPEROUT status. WFS USRE PTR TONERTHRESHOLD The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS PTR TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. WFS USRE PTR INKTHRESHOLD The stamping ink supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or WFS_PTR_INKOUT status. WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED The media has been rejected and presented back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN event will be sent. WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED The presented media has been automatically

Comments

All error codes (except WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT) and events listed under the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command description can also occur on this command.

retracted.

An invalid field name is treated as a WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING event with WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND status. A WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING event is returned with WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW status if the data overflows the field, and the field definition OVERFLOW value is TRUNCATE, BESTFIT, OVERWRITE or WORDWRAP. Other field-related problems generate a field error return and event.

The application will use <code>lpszFields</code> or <code>lpszUNICODEFields</code> as an input parameter, depending upon the Service Provider capabilities. Legacy (non-UNICODE aware) applications will only use the <code>lpszFields</code> field. UNICODE applications can use either the <code>lpszFields</code> or <code>lpszUNICODEFields</code> fields, provided the Service Provider is UNICODE compliant.

WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM

Description

This command is used to read data from input fields on the specified form. These input fields may consist of MICR, OCR, MSF, BARCODE, or PAGEMARK input fields. These input fields may also consist of TEXT fields for purposes of detecting available passbook print lines with passbook printers supporting such capability. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the dwTimeOut parameter in the WFSExecute call for media to be inserted.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRREADFORM lpReadForm;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     LPSTR
                           lpszFieldNames;
     LPSTR
                           lpszMediaName;
     DWORD
                           dwMediaControl:
     } WFSPTRREADFORM, *LPWFSPTRREADFORM;
```

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated name of the form.

lpszFieldNames

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names from which to read input data, with the final name terminating with two null characters. If this value is NULL, then read data from all input fields on the form.

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name. *lpszMediaName* is NULL if no media definition applies.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after the reading was done and can be a combination of the flags described under WFS CMD PTR CONTROL MEDIA.

Output Param LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT lpReadFormOut;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form_out
     LPSTR
                           lpszFields;
     LPWSTR
                           lpszUNICODEFields;
     } WFSPTRREADFORMOUT, *LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT;
```

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

lpszUNICODEFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" UNICODE strings, where each string is nullterminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_READNOTSUPPORTED	The device has no read capability.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE	The syntax of the <i>lpszFieldNames</i> member is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR	An error occurred while processing a field, causing termination of the print request. An execute event WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR is posted with the details.

WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be found.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED	The media skew exceeded the limit in the
WF3_ERK_FIR_WEDIASKEWED	form definition.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be
	retracted. The current media is still in the device
WFS ERR PTR SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
WIS_ERR_ITR_SHOTTER(ALE	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS ERR PTR INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply
	empty.
WFS ERR PTR LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS ERR PTR SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
	sequence (e.g. dwMediaControl =
	WFS PTR CTRLPARK and park position
	is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion
	phase. The
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR	The MSF read operation specified by the
	forms definition could not be completed
	successfully due to invalid magnetic stripe
	<u>data.</u>
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF	No magnetic stripe found; media may have
	been inserted or pulled through the wrong
	<u>way.</u>

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS EXEE PTR NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	A fatal error occurred while processing a
	field.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	A non-fatal error occurred while processing
	a field.
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is full; operator intervention
	is required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the bin becomes
	full. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty;
	operator intervention is required. Note that
	this event is sent only once, at the point at
	which the supply becomes low or empty. It
	is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or
	WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	The imaging lamp is fading or inoperative;
	operator intervention is required. Note that
	this event is sent only once, at the point at
	which the threshold is reached. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING or
	WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP status.

Deleted: supply becomes low or empty

WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED

The media has been rejected and presented back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event will be sent.

Comments

All error codes (except WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT) and events listed under the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command description can also occur on this command.

The application will use *lpszFieldNames* as an input parameter. The <u>Service Provider will return</u> the data in *lpszUNICODEFields* or *lpszFields* depending on the capabilities of the <u>Service Provider and form definition</u>.

For passbook usage of the *lpszFields* and *lpszUNICODEFields* fields the following applies:

If the media type is PASSBOOK, and the field(s) type is TEXT, and the Service Provider and the underlying passbook printer are capable of detecting available passbook print lines, then the field(s) will be returned without a value, in the format "<FieldName>" or "<FieldName>[<index>]", if the field is available for passbook printing. Field(s) unavailable for passbook printing will not be returned. The Service Provider will examine the passbook text field(s) supplied in the *lpszFieldNames* string, and with the form/fields definition and the underlying passbook printer capability determine which fields should be available for passbook printing.

To illustrate when media type is PASSBOOK, if a form named PSBKTST1 contains 24 fields, one field per line, and the field names are LINE1 through LINE24 (same order as printing), and after execution of this command *lpszFields* contains fields LINE13 through LINE24, then the first print line available for passbook printing is line 13.

To illustrate another example when media type is PASSBOOK, if a form named PSBKTST2 contains 24 fields, one field per line, and the field names are LINE1 through LINE24 (same order as printing), and after execution of this command *lpszFields* contains fields LINE13, and LINE20 through LINE24 then the first print line available for passbook printing is line 13, however lines 14-19 are <u>not</u> also available, so if the application is attempting to determine the first available print line after which all subsequent print lines are also available then line 20 is a better choice.

Deleted: <u>or</u> lpszUNICODEFieldNames

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Deleted: lpszFieldNames or lpszUNICODEFieldNames fields, provided the service provider is UNICODE compliant

WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA

Description

This command is used to send raw data (a byte string of device dependent data) to the physical device.

Input Param

$LPWFSPTRRAWDATA\ lpRawData;$

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data
     WORD
                           wInputData;
     ULONG
                           ulSize;
     LPBYTE
                           lpbData;
     } WFSPTRRAWDATA, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATA;
```

wInputData

Specifies that input data from the device is expected in response to sending the raw data (i.e. the data contains a command requesting data). Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_NOINPUTDATA	No input data is expected.
WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA	Input data is expected.

ulSize

Specifies the size of the byte string passed to the device.

lpbData

Points to the byte string holding the device dependent data.

Output Param LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN lpRawDataIn;

```
[used only if wInputData is set to WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA]
```

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data_in
     ULONG
     LPBYTE
                          lpbData;
     } WFSPTRRAWDATAIN, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN;
```

Specifies the size of the byte string received from the device.

lpbData

Points to the byte string received from the device.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing
	contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject
	it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has
	been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted
	before all wads could be presented and
	before the command could complete
	successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is full or high; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes full or high. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS PTR PAPERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS USRE PTR TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or
W15_00MB_1 M_10MBM10BB	the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or
	not sufficient; operator intervention is
	required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the supply
	becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See
	section 11 for further details.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTE	
	The presented media has been automatically
	<u>retracted.</u>

Comments

Applications which send raw data to a device will typically not be device or vendor independent. Problems with the use of this command include:

- 1. The data sent to the device can include commands that change the state of the device in unpredictable ways (in particular, in ways that the Service Provider may not be aware of).
- 2. Usage of this command will not be portable.
- 3. This command violates the XFS forms model that is the basis of XFS printer access.

Thus usage of this command should be avoided whenever possible. If it is used, the usage should be carefully isolated from all other XFS access to the service by at least the **WFSLock** and **WFSUnlock** commands.

8.5 WFS_CMD_PTR_MEDIA_EXTENTS

Description

This command is used to get the extents of the media inserted in the physical device. The input parameter specifies the base unit and fractions in which the media extent values will be returned. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT lpMediaUnit;

wBase

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the media and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

wUnitY

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm

Output Param

LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT lpMediaExt;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_ext
    {
     ULONG       ulSizeX;
     ULONG       ulSizeY;
    } WFSPTRMEDIAEXT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT;
```

ulSizeX

Specifies the width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

ulSizeY

Specifies the height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_EXTENTNOTSUPPORTED	The device cannot report extent(s).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and
	the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion
	phase. The
	WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.

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WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media has been rejected and presented
	back to the user. It is available at the
	entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
	a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event
	will be sent.
WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.

8.6 WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT

Description This function resets the present value for number of media items retracted to zero. The function is

possible only for printers with retract capability.

The number of media items retracted is controlled by the service and can be requested before

resetting via the info command WFS_INF_PTR_STATUS.

Input Param LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of the retract bin for which the retract count should be reset to zero. This number has to be between one and the number of bins on the device. If this pointer is NULL all

bins will be set to zero.

Output Param None

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

Value Meaning

WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

The status of the retract bin has changed from high or full to a good state. The event is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK

status.

8.7 WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE

Description

This function returns image data from the current media. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST lpImageRequest;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image_request
     WORD
                           wFrontImageType;
                           wBackImageType;
     WORD
     WORD
                           wFrontImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           wBackImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           wCodelineFormat;
     WORD
                           fwImageSource;
                           lpszFrontImageFile;
     LPSTR
     LPSTR
                           lpszBackImageFile;
     } WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST, *LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST;
```

wFrontImageType

Specifies the format of the front image returned by this command as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS PTR IMAGETIF	The returned image is in TIF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The returned image is in WMF (Windows
	Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The returned image is in BMP format.
WFS PTR IMAGEJPG	The returned image is in JPG format.

wBackImageType

Specifies the format of the back image returned by this command as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The returned image is in TIF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The returned image is in WMF (Windows
	Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The returned image is in BMP format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	The returned image is in JPG format.

w Front Image Color Format

Specifies the color format of the requested front image as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The scanned images has to be returned in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors back and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The scanned images has to be returned in gray scale (image contains multiple gray
	colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The scanned images has to be returned in
	full color (image contains colors like red,
	green, blue etc.).

wBackImageColorFormat

Specifies the color format of the requested back image as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The scanned images has to be returned in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors back and white).

WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE

The scanned images has to be returned in gray scale (image contains multiple gray

colors).

WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL

The scanned images has to be returned in full color (image contains colors like red,

green, blue etc.).

wCodelineFormat

Specifies the code line (MICR data) format, as one of the following flags (Zero if source not

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	Read CMC7 code line.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	Read E13B code line.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	Read code line using OCR.

fwImageSource

Specifies the source as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The front image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The back image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The code line of the document is requested.

lpszFrontImageFile

File specifying where to store the front image, e.g. "C:\Temp\FrontImage.bmp". If a NULL pointer is supplied then the front image data will be returned in the output parameter.

To reduce the size of data sent between the Application and the Service Provider it is recommended to make use of this parameter.

lpszBackImageFile

File specifying where to store the back image, e.g. "C:\Temp\BackImage.bmp". If a NULL pointer is supplied then the back image data will be returned in the output structure.

To reduce the size of data sent between the application and the Service Provider it is recommended to make use of this parameter.

Output Param LPWFSPTRIMAGE *lppImage;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPTRIMAGE structures, one array element for each image source requested.

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image
     WORD
                          wImageSource;
     WORD
                          wStatus;
     ULONG
                          ulDataLength;
                          lpbData:
     } WFSPTRIMAGE, *LPWFSPTRIMAGE;
```

w Image Source

Specifies the source of the data returned by this command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The front image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The back image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The code line of the document is requested.

wStatus

Status of reading the image data. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DATAOK	The data is OK.
WFS_PTR_DATASRCNOTSUPP	The data source to read from is not
	supported by the Service Provider.

WFS_PTR_DATASRCMISSING

The data source to read from is missing, e.g. the Service Provider is unable to get the code

ulDataLength

Count of bytes of the following lpbData. Zero if the image source is WFS PTR IMAGEFRONT or WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK and the image data has been stored to the hard disk (file name provided).

lpbData

Points to the image or codeline data. NULL pointer if the image source is

WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT or WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK and the image data has been stored to the hard disk (file name provided).

If the image source is WFS PTR CODELINE, lpbData contains characters in the ASCII range. If the code line was read using the OCR-A font then the ASCII codes will conform to Figure E1 in ANSI X3.17-1981. If the code line was read using the OCR-B font then the ASCII codes will conform to Figure C2 in ANSI X3.49-1975. In both these cases unrecognized characters will be reported as the REJECT code, 0x1A. The E13B and CMC7 fonts use the ASCII equivalents for the standard characters and use the byte values as reported by the WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING command for the symbols that are unique to MICR fonts.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention
	is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR	Directory does not exist or a File IO error
	occurred while storing the image to the hard
	disk.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and
	the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion
	phase. The
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	The imaging lamp is fading or inoperative;
	operator intervention is required. Note that
	this event is sent only once, at the point at
	which the threshold is reached. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING or
	WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP status.
WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED	The media has been rejected and presented
	back to the user. It is available at the
	entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
	a WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN event
	will be sent.
WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTE	<u>CD</u>

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments

If the returned image data is in Windows bitmap format (BMP) and a file path for storing the

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image is not supplied, then the first byte of data will be the start of the Bitmap Info Header (this bitmap format is known as DIB, Device Independent Bitmap). The Bitmap File Info Header, which is only present in file versions of bitmaps, will NOT be returned. If the returned image data is in bitmap format (BMP) and a file path for storing the image is supplied, then the first byte of data in the stored file will be the Bitmap File Info Header.

WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET

Description

This command is used by the application to perform a hardware reset which will attempt to return the PTR device to a known good state. This command does not over-ride a lock obtained on another application or service handle.

The device will attempt to retract or eject any items found anywhere within the device. This may not always be possible because of hardware problems. The

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED event will inform the application where items were actually moved to.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRRESET lpReset;

Specifies where media should be moved to that is found in the device. If the application does not wish to specify a position it can set *lpReset* to NULL. In this case the Service Provider will determine where to move any items found.

```
typedef struct wfs ptr reset
     DWORD
                          dwMediaControl;
     USHORT
                          usRetractBinNumber;
     } WFSPTRRESET, *LPWFSPTRRESET;
```

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled, as one of the following bit-flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PTR CTRLEJECT	Eject the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Retract the media to retract bin as specified
	in usRetractBinNumber.
WES PTR CTRIEXPEL	Throw the media out of the exit slot

usRetractBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media is retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. It is only relevant if dwMediaControl equals WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full; no more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED	A media is detected in the device during a
	reset operation.
WFS USRE PTR RETRACTBINTHRESHOL	<u>LD</u>
	The retract bin is full or high; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes full or high. It is sent with
	WFS PTR RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.

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WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically

retracted.

Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED

Comments

This command is used by an application control program to cause a device to reset itself to a known good condition.

Events

8.9 WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA

Description The media is removed from its present position (media inserted into device, media entering,

unknown position) and stored in one of the retract bins. An event is sent if the storage capacity of the specified retract bin is reached. If the bin is already full and the command cannot be executed,

an error is returned and the media remains in its present position.

LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber; **Input Param**

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of one of the retract bins. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. If IpusBinNumber points to a zero value, the media will be retracted to the transport. After it has been retracted to the transport, in a subsequent operation

the media can be ejected again, or retracted to one of the retract bins.

Output Param LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of the retract bin where the media has actually been deposited.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

> WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT No media present on retract. Either there was no media present (in a position to be retracted from) when the command was called or the media was removed during the retract. WFS ERR PTR RETRACTBINFULL The retract bin is full; no more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED The media is jammed; operator intervention

is required.

command:

Meaning

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

WFS USRE PTR RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

The retract bin is full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes full. It is sent with WFS PTR RETRACTBINFULL or

WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.

Comments If a retract request is received for a device with no retract capability, the

WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

8.10 WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER

Description

This command is used to move paper (which can also be a new passbook) from a paper source

into the print position.

Input Param

<u>LPWORD lp</u>wPaperSource;

<u>IpwPaperSource</u>
<u>Pointer to the paper source to dispense from. Possible values are:</u>

Deleted: WORD $\textbf{Deleted: } \textit{wPaperSource} \P$ Specifies Deleted: Paper

Meaning
Any paper source can be used; it is
determined by the service.
Use the only paper source or the upper paper
source, if there is more than one paper
supply.
Use the lower paper source.
Use the external paper.
Use the auxiliary paper source.
Use the second auxiliary paper source.
Use the parking station paper source.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PTR PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
	sequence (e.g. there is already media in the
	print position).
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported
	by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted
	before all wads could be presented and
	before the command could complete
	successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See
	section 11 for further details.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACT	<u>ED</u>
	The presented medic has been enterestically

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Description

8.11 WFS CMD PTR SET GUIDANCE LIGHT

This command is used to set the status of the PTR guidance lights. This includes defining the flash rate and the color. When an application tries to use a color that is not supported then the Service Provider will return the generic error WFS ERR UNSUPP DATA.

Input Param LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT lpSetGuidLight;

wGuidLight

Specifies the index of the guidance light to set as one of the values defined within the capabilities section.

dwCommand

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, and optionally one type C. If no value of type C is specified then the default color is used. The Service Provider determines which color is used as the default color.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS PTR GUIDANCE OFF	The light indicator is turned off.	A
WFS PTR GUIDANCE SLOW FLASH	The light indicator is set to	<u>B</u>
	flash slowly.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE MEDIUM FLASH	The light indicator is set to	B
	flash medium frequency.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE QUICK FLASH	The light indicator is set to	B
	flash quickly.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CONTINUOUS	The light indicator is turned	<u>B</u>
	on continuously (steady).	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE RED	The light indicator	<u>C</u>
	color is set to red.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE GREEN	The light indicator	C
	color is set to green.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE YELLOW	The light indicator	<u>C</u>
	color is set to yellow.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE BLUE	The light indicator	<u>C</u>
	color is set to blue.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CYAN	The light indicator	C
	color is set to cyan.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE MAGENTA	The light indicator	<u>C</u>
	color is set to magenta.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE WHITE	The light indicator	C
	color is set to white.	

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PTR INVALID PORT	An attempt to set a guidance light to a new
	value was invalid because the guidance light
	does not exist.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

Guidance light support was added into the PTR primarily to support guidance lights for workstations where more than one instance of a PTR is present. The original SIU guidance light mechanism was not able to manage guidance lights for workstations with multiple PTRs. This command can also be used to set the status of the PTR guidance lights when only one instance of a PTR is present.

8.12 WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE

Description

This command is used to print a file that contains a complete print job in the native printer language. This file will have been created through the Windows GDI print sub-system. The contents of this file are printer specific.

If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted from the external paper source.

This command must not complete until all pages have been presented to the customer.

Input Param

$\underline{LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE\ lpPrintRawFile;}$

typedef struct	_wfs_ptr_print_raw_file
{	
LPSTR	<pre>lpszFileName;</pre>
DWORD	<pre>dwMediaControl;</pre>
DWORD	dwPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPR	INTRAWFILE, *LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE;

<u>lpszFileName</u>

Pointer to the null-terminated file name. This is the full path and file name of the file to be printed.

<u>dwMediaControl</u>

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after each page is printed, as a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA. A zero value of this parameter means to do none of these actions, as when printing multiple pages on a single media item.

<u>dwPaperSource</u>

Specifies the paper source to use when printing. When the value is zero, the Service Provider will determine the paper source that will be used. This parameter is ignored if there is already paper in the print position. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source (such as
	envelope tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS PTR PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PTR FILENOTFOUND	The specified file cannot be found.
WFS ERR PTR SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention
	is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS ERR PTR PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing
	contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS ERR PTR FILE IO ERROR	Directory does not exist or a File IO error
	occurred while processing the file.
WFS ERR PTR NOMEDIAPRESENT	No media is present in the device.
WFS ERR PTR FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.

WFS_ERR_PTR_RET	RACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the
WFS_ERR_PTR_STA	CKERFULL	device. The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS ERR PTR PAG	ETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS ERR PTR MEI		The device was not able to turn the inserted
		media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INK	OUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS ERR PTR SEQ	UENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
wio billerini biq		sequence (e.g. WFS PTR CTRLPARK and the parking station is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEI	DIAOVERFLOW	The print request has overflowed the print
		media (e.g. print on a single sheet printer exceeded one page).
WFS ERR PTR MEI	DIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject
		it. The device is clear and can be used.
<u>WFS_ERR_PTR_BLA</u>	CKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has
		been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOU	RCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported
WEG EDD DED AGE	NA DELECTED	by the hardware.
<u>WFS_ERR_PTR_MEI</u>	DIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase and no data has been printed. The
		WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED
		execute event is posted with the details. The
		device is still operational.
WFS ERR PTR MEI	DIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted
		before all wads could be presented and
		before the command could complete
		successfully.
		saccessiany.
Events In addition to the generic e	events defined in [Ref. 1]	
Events In addition to the generic ecommand:	events defined in [Ref. 1],	the following events can be generated by this
	events defined in [Ref. 1],	
<u>command:</u> <u>Value</u>		the following events can be generated by this Meaning
command:	OMEDIA .	the following events can be generated by this
command: Value WFS_EXEE_PTR_NO	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED	the following events can be generated by this Meaning No media is present in the device.
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user.
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty, operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or
command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty, operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or
command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or
command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is
command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty, operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only
command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NC WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD ONERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status. The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW Tstatus.
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD ONERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with with the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with wFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. D The retract bin is high or full; operator
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD ONERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with with the supply lecomes low or empty. It is sent with wFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. D The retract bin is high or full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD ONERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with wFS_PTR_TONERLOW or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with wFS_PTR_TONERLOW or wFS_PTR_TON
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD ONERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with with the supply lecomes low or empty. It is sent with wFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. D The retract bin is high or full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event
Command: Value WFS EXEE PTR NO WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS EXEE PTR ME WFS SRVE PTR ME WFS USRE PTR PA	OMEDIA EDIAINSERTED EDIAPRESENTED EDIATAKEN PERTHRESHOLD ONERTHRESHOLD	Meaning No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details. The media has been taken by the user. The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPEROW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROW or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with wFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. D The retract bin is high or full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes high or full. It is sent with

	WFS USRE PTR INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty;
		operator intervention is required. Note that
		this event is sent only once, at the point at
		which the supply becomes low or empty. It
		is sent with WFS PTR INKLOW or
		WFS PTR INKOUT status.
	WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED	The media has been rejected and presented
		back to the user. It is available at the
		entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
		a WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN event
		will be sent.
	WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTI	<u>ED</u>
		The presented media has been automatically
		retracted.
Comments	Printing of multiple pages is handled as described	in section 11.

8.13 WFS CMD PTR LOAD DEFINITION

Description

This command is used to load a form (including sub-forms and frames) or media definition into the list of available forms. Once a form or media definition has been loaded through this command it can be used by any of the other form/media definition processing commands. Forms and media definitions loaded through this command are persistently available across re-boots. When a form or media definition is loaded a WFS_PTR_SRVE_FORM_LOADED event is generated to inform applications that a form or media definition has been added or replaced.

Input Param LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION lpLoadDefinition;

typedef struct	wfs ptr load definition
{	
LPSTR	<pre>lpszFileName;</pre>
BOOL	bOverwrite;
} WFSPTRLO	DADDEFINITION, *LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION;

lpszFileName

Pointer to the null-terminated file name. This is the full path and file name of the file to be loaded. The file contains the form (including sub-forms and frames) or media definition in text format as described in the section 10 (ASCII or UNICODE). Only one form or media definition can be defined in the file.

bOverwrite

Specifies if an existing form or media definition with the same name is to be replaced. If this flag is TRUE then an existing form or media definition with the same name will be replaced, unless the command fails with an error, where the definition will remain unchanged. If this flag is FALSE this command will fail with an error if the form or media definition already exists.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND	The specified file cannot be found.
WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID	The form is invalid.
WFS ERR PTR MEDIAINVALID	The media definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_DEFINITIONEXISTS	The specified form or media definition
	already exists and the bOverwrite flag was
	FALSE

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS SRVE PTR DEFINITIONLOADED	A form or media definition has been loaded;
	an existing definition may have been
	modified by replacement.

8.14 WFS CMD PTR SUPPLY REPLENISH

Description

After the supplies have been replenished, this command is used to indicate that one or more supplies have been replenished and are expected to be in a healthy state.

Hardware that cannot detect the level of a supply and reports on the supply's status using metrics (or some other means), must assume the supply has been fully replenished after this command is issued. The appropriate threshold event must be broadcast.

Hardware that can detect the level of a supply must update its status based on its sensors, generate a threshold event if appropriate, and succeed the command even if the supply has not been replenished. If it has already detected the level and reported the threshold before this command was issued, the command must succeed and no threshold event is required.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN lpSupplyReplen;

fwSupplyReplen

Specifies the supply that was replenished as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERUPPER	The only paper supply or the upper paper
	supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERLOWER	The lower paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX	The auxiliary paper supply was replenished.
WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERAUX2	The second auxiliary paper supply was
	replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONER	The toner supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_INK	The ink supply was replenished.
WFS PTR REPLEN LAMP	The imaging lamp was replaced.

Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS USRE PTR PAPERTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the
	state of the paper supply threshold has been
	<u>cleared.</u>
WFS USRE PTR TONERTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the
	state of the toner (or ink) supply threshold
	has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the
	state of the stamping ink supply threshold
	has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the
	state of the imaging lamp threshold has been
	cleared.

Comments

If any one of the specified supplies is not supported by a Service Provider,

WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_DATA should be returned, and no replenishment actions will be taken by the Service Provider.

Comments

None.

8.15 WFS CMD PTR POWER SAVE CONTROL

Description This command activates or deactivates the power-saving mode. If the Service Provider receives another execute command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider automatically exits the power saving mode, and executes the requested command. If the Service Provider receives an information command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider will not exit the power saving mode. LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL lpPowerSaveControl; **Input Param** typedef struct wfs ptr power save control USHORT usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime; WFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL; $\underline{usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime}$ Specifies the maximum number of seconds in which the device must be able to return to its normal operating state when exiting power save mode. The device will be set to the highest possible power save mode within this constraint. If usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime is set to zero then the device will exit the power saving mode. Output Param None. **Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command: Meaning WFS ERR PTR POWERSAVETOOSHORT The power saving mode has not been activated because the device is not able to resume from the power saving mode within the specified usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime value. WFS ERR PTR POWERSAVEMEDIAPRESENT The power saving mode has not been activated because media is present inside the device. In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this **Events** command:

Meaning

WFS SRVE PTR POWER SAVE CHANGE The power save recovery time has changed.

9. Events

9.1 WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA

Description This event specifies that the physical media must be inserted into the device in order for the

execute command to proceed.

Event Param LPSTR lpszUserPrompt;

lpszUserPrompt

Pointer to a null-terminated user prompt string from the form definition. NULL will be returned if either a form does not define a value for the user prompt or the event is being generated as the

result of a command that does not use forms.

Comments The application may use the *lpszUserPrompt* in any manner it sees fit, for example it might

display the string to the operator, along with a message that the media should be inserted.

9.2 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED

Description This event specifies that the physical media has been inserted into the device.

Event Param None.

Comments The application may use this event to, for example, remove a message box from the screen telling

the user to insert a form.

9.3 WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR

Description This event specifies that a fatal error has occurred while processing a field.

Event Param LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL lpFieldFail;

lpszFormName

Points to the null-terminated form name.

lpszFieldName

Points to the null-terminated field name.

wFailure

Specifies the type of failure and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_FIELDREQUIRED	The specified field must be supplied by the application.
WFS_PTR_FIELDSTATICOVWR	The specified field is static and thus cannot be overwritten by the application.
WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW	The value supplied for the specified fields is too long.
WFS PTR FIELDNOTFOUND	The specified field does not exist.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTREAD	The specified field is not an input field.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTWRITE	An attempt was made to write to an input field.
WFS_PTR_FIELDHWERROR	The specified field uses special hardware (e.g. OCR) and an error occurred.
WFS_PTR_FIELDTYPENOTSUPPORTED	The form field type is not supported with device.
WFS_PTR_FIELDGRAPHIC	The specified graphic image could not be printed.
WFS_PTR_CHARSETFORM	Service Provider does not support character set specified in form.

9.4 WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING

Description This event is used to specify that a non-fatal error has occurred while processing a field.

Event Param LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL lpFieldFail;

As defined in the section describing WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR.

9.5 WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

Description

This event specifies that the status of the retract bin holding the retracted media has changed.

Event Param

 $LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD\ lpBinThreshold;$

us Bin Number

Number of the retract bin for which the status has changed.

wRetractBin

Specifies the current state of the retract bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK	The retract bin of the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin of the printer is full.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH	The retract bin of the printer is high.

9.6 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN

Description This event is sent when the media is taken from the exit slot following the completion of a

successful eject operation or following a WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED event.

Event Param None.

Comments Note that since this event can occur after the completion of a function that includes a media eject,

it is not an execute event.

9.7 WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD

Description

This user event is used to specify that the state of the paper reached a threshold. There is no threshold defined for the parking station as this can contain only one paper item.

Event Param

 $LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD\ lpPaperThreshold;$

wPaperSource

Specifies the paper sources as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	The only paper source or the upper paper	Deleted: An
WEG DED DAREN OWED	source, if there is more than one paper supply.	Deleted: available, devices with only
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	The lower paper source. The external paper source (such as envelope	Deleted: must indicate
	tray or single sheet feed).	WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER as being available. ¶
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	The auxiliary paper source.	
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	The second auxiliary paper source.	

wPaperThreshold

Specifies the current state of the paper source as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper in the paper source is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper in the paper source is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper in the paper source is out.

Comments

None.

9.8 WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD

This user event is used to specify that the state of the toner (or ink) reached a threshold. Description

LPWORD lpwTonerThreshold; **Event Param**

*lpwTonerThreshold*Specifies the current state of the toner (or ink) as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL	The toner (or ink) in the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_TONERLOW	The toner (or ink) in the printer is low.
WFS_PTR_TONEROUT	The toner (or ink) in the printer is out.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED 9.9

This event specifies that the physical media has been inserted into the device without any read or Description

print execute commands being executed. This event is only generated when media is entered in an unsolicited manner.

Event Param None. Comments None.

9.10 WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD

This user event is used to specify that the state of the imaging lamp reached a threshold. Description

LPWORD lpwLampThreshold; **Event Param**

*lpwLampThreshold*Specifies the current state of the imaging lamp as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_LAMPOK	The imaging lamp is in a good state.
WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING	The imaging lamp is fading and should be
	changed.
WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP	The imaging lamp is inoperative.

9.11 WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD

This user event is used to specify that the state of the stamping ink reached a threshold. Description

LPWORD lpwInkThreshold; **Event Param**

*lpwInkThreshold*Specifies the current state of the stamping ink as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_INKFULL	The stamping ink in the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_INKLOW	The stamping ink in the printer is low.
WFS_PTR_INKOUT	The stamping ink in the printer is out.

9.12 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED

Description

This event is generated when a media is detected in the device during a reset operation.

Event Param

LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED lpMediaDetected;

wPosition

Specifies the media position after the reset operation, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	The media was retracted during the reset operation.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	The media is in the print position or on the stacker.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING	The media is in the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed in the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The media is in an unknown position.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED	The media was expelled during the reset
	operation.

usRetractBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media was retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. It is only relevant if *wPosition* equals WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED.

Comments

None.

9.13 WFS SRVE PTR RETRACTBINSTATUS

Description This event specifies that the status of the retract bin has changed.

Event Param LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS lpBinStatus;

typedef struct wfs ptr bin status
{
 USHORT usBinNumber;
 WORD wRetractBin;
} WFSPTRBINSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS;

usBinNumber

Number of the retract bin for which the status has changed.

wRetractBin

Specifies the current state of the retract bin as one of the following values:

value	Meaning
WFS PTR RETRACTBININSERTED	The retract bin has been inserted.
WFS PTR RETRACTBINREMOVED	The retract bin has been removed.

Comments None.

9.14 WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED

Description This event is used to indicate when media has been presented to the customer for removal.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED lpMediaPresented;

typedef struct wfs ptr media presented

USHORT usWadIndex;
USHORT usTotalWads;

WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED;

usWadIndex

Specifies the index (starting from one) of the presented wad, where a Wad is a bunch of one or more pages presented as a bunch.

usTotalWads

Specifies the total number of wads in the print job, zero if the total number of wads is not known.

Comments None.

9.15 WFS SRVE PTR DEFINITIONLOADED

Description This event is used to indicate when a form or media definition has successfully been loaded via the WFS CMD PTR LOAD DEFINITION command.

Event Param LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED lpDefinitionLoaded;

typedef struct wfs_ptr_definition_loaded

LPSTR lpszDefinitionName; DWORD dwDefinitionType;
} wFsptrdefinitionLoaded, *LpwFsptrdefinitionLoaded; DWORD

<u>lpszDefinitionName</u>

Specifies the name of the form or media just loaded.

Specifies the type of definition loaded. This field can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PTR FORMLOADED	The form identified by <i>lpszDefinitionName</i>
	has been loaded.
WFS PTR MEDIALOADED	The media identified by <i>lpszDefinitionName</i>
	has been loaded.

Comments None.

9.16 WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED

Description	This event is generated as a result of physical media that is rejected whenever an attempt is made
•	to insert media into the physical device. Rejection of the media will cause the command currently
	executing to complete with a WFS ERR PTR MEDIAREJECTED error, at which point the
	media should be removed

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED lpMediaRejected;

typedef	struct	wfs ptr	media	re	ejected
{					
WO	RD		wMe	edia	aRejected;
}	WFSPTRME	DIAREJEC	TED,	LP	WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED;

<u>wMediaRejected</u>

Specifies the reason for rejecting the media as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHORT	The rejected media was too short.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_LONG	The rejected media was too long.
WFS PTR REJECT MULTIPLE	The media was rejected due to insertion of
	multiple documents.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_ALIGN	The media could not be aligned and was
	rejected.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_MOVETOALIGN	The media could not be transported to the
	align area and was rejected.
WFS PTR REJECT SHUTTER	The media was rejected due to the shutter
	failing to close.
WFS PTR REJECT ESCROW	The media was rejected due to problems
	transporting media to the escrow position.
WFS PTR REJECT THICK	The rejected media was too thick.
WFS PTR REJECT OTHER	The media was rejected due to a reason other
	than those listed above.

Comments

The application may use this event to (for example) display a message box on the screen indicating why the media was rejected, and telling the user to remove and reinsert the media.

9.17 WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED

Description This event is used to indicate when media has been presented to the customer for removal as a result of a print operation through some non XFS interface. LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED lpMediaPresented; **Event Param** typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_presented USHORT usWadIndex; USHORT usTotalWads; } WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED; <u>usWadIndex</u> Specifies the index (starting from one) of the presented wad, where a Wad is a bunch of one or more pages presented as a bunch. <u>usTotalWads</u> Specifies the total number of wads in the print job, zero if the total number of wads is not known.

Comments None

9.18 WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

Description This event indicates when media has been automatically retracted by the device. Support for this event is indicated when the usAutoRetractPeriod field of the WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES

output structure is non-zero. The event can be generated as the result of any command that

presents media to the customer.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED lpMediaRetracted

typedef struct wfs ptr media retracted

WORD wRetractResult;
USHORT usBinNumber;

} WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED;

wRetractResult

Specifies the result of the automatic retraction, as one of the following values:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_OK
 The media was retracted successfully.

 WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_MEDIAJAMMED

 The media is jammed.

usBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media was retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. This value is zero if wRetractResult is

WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_MEDIAJAMMED.

Comments None.

9.19 WFS SRVE PTR DEVICEPOSITION

Description	This service event reports that the device has cha	anged its position status.			
Event Param	LPWFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION lpDevicePosition;				
	typedef struct wfs ptr device posit	ion			
	WORD wPosition;				
	} WFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSF	TRDEVICEPOSITION;			
	<u>wPosition</u>				
	Position of the device as one of the following va	<u>lues:</u>			
	Value	Meaning			
	WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating			
		position.			
	WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its			
		normal operating position.			
	WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	The position of the device cannot be			
		<u>determined.</u>			
Comments	None.				

9.20 WFS SRVE PTR POWER SAVE CHANGE

Description	This service event specifies that the power save recovery time has changed.				
Event Param	LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE lpPowerSaveChange;				
	typedef struct wfs ptr power save change				
	USHORT usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;				
	<pre>} WFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE;</pre>				
	<u>usPowerSaveRecoveryTime</u>				
	Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational				
	state. This value is zero if the device exited the power saving mode.				
Comments	None.				

10. Form, Sub-Form, Field, Frame, Table and Media Definitions

This section outlines the format of the definitions of forms, the fields within them, optional tables and fields within the form, and the media on which they are printed.

10.1 Definition Syntax

The syntactic rules for form, field and media definitions are as follows:

White space space, tabLine continuation backslash (\)

Line termination CR, LF, CR/LF; line termination ends a "keyword section"

(a keyword and its value[s])

• Keywords must be all upper case

Names (field/media/font names) any case; case is preserved;

Service Providers are case sensitive

Strings all strings must be enclosed in double quote characters (");

standard C escape sequences are allowed.

• Comments start with two forward slashes (//), end at line termination

Other notes:

• The values of a keyword are separated by commas.

- If a keyword is present, all its values must be specified; default values are used only if the keyword is absent.
- Values that are character strings are marked with asterisks in the definitions below, and must be quoted
 as specified above.
- The order of attributes within the forms is not mandatory and the attributes may be defined in any order.
- All forms can be represented using either ISO 646 (ANSI) or UNICODE character encoding. If the
 UNICODE representation is used then all Names and Strings are restricted to an internal representation
 of ISO 646 (ANSI) characters. Only the INITIALVALUE and FORMAT keyword values can have
 double byte values outside of the ISO 646 (ANSI) character set.
- If forms character encoding is UNICODE then, consistent with the UNICODE standard, the file prefix
 must be in Little Endian (0xFFFE) or Big Endian (0xFEFF) notation, such that UNICODE encoding is
 recognized.

10.2 Form and Media Measurements

The UNIT keyword sections of the form and media definitions specify the base horizontal and vertical resolution as follows:

- The base value specifies the base unit of measurement.
- The x and y values specify the horizontal and vertical resolution as fractions of the base value (e.g. an x value of 10 and a base value of MM means that the base horizontal resolution is 0.1mm).

The base resolutions thus defined by the UNIT keyword section of the XFSFORM definition are used as the units of the form definition keyword sections:

- SIZE (width and height values)
- ALIGNMENT (xoffset and yoffset values)

and of the sub-form definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (x and y values)
- SIZE (width and height values)

and of the field definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (x and y values)
- SIZE (width and height values)
- INDEX (xoffset and yoffset values)

and of the frame definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (x and y values)
- SIZE (width and height values)
- REPEATONX (xoffset value)
- REPEATONY (yoffset value)

The base resolutions thus defined by the UNIT keyword section of the XFSMEDIA definition are used as the units of the media definition keyword sections:

- SIZE (width and height values)
- PRINTAREA (x, y, width and height values)
- RESTRICTED (x, y, width and height values)

NOTE: The origin for coordinate based systems is (0,0). The origin for row/column based systems can be (0,0) or (1,1) and must be configurable within the Service Provider.

10.3 Form Definition ¹

XFSFORM		formname*	
BEGIN		Jornmanie	
(required)	UNIT	base,	Base resolution unit for form definition: MM INCH ROWCOLUMN
		x, v	Horizontal base unit fraction Vertical base unit fraction
(required)	SIZE	width,	Width of form
(required)	SIZE	height	Height of form
	ALIGNMENT	alignment,	Alignment of the form on the physical media: TOPLEFT (default) TOPRIGHT BOTTOMLEFT BOTTOMRIGHT This option allows the positioning of a form onto a physical page relative to any combination of the edges of the physical media, to support the variations in how devices sense the edge of page for positioning purposes.
		xoffset,	Horizontal offset relative to the horizontal alignment specified by alignment. Always specified as a positive value (i.e. if aligned to the right side of the media, means offset the form to the left). (default = 0)
		yoffset	Vertical offset relative to the vertical alignment specified by alignment. Always specified as a positive value (i.e. if aligned to the bottom of the media, means offset the form upward). (default = 0)
	ORIENTATION	type	Orientation of form: PORTRAIT (default) LANDSCAPE
	SKEW	skewfactor	Maximum skew factor in degrees (default = 0)
	VERSION	major, minor, date*, author*	Major version number Minor version number Creation/modification date Author of form
(required)	LANGUAGE	languageID	Language used in this form - a 16 bit value (LANGID) which is a combination of a primary (10 bits) and a secondary (6 bits) language ID (This is the standard language ID in the Win32 API; standard macros support construction and decomposition of this composite ID)
	CPI	<u>cpi</u>	Characters per inch. This value specifies the default CPI within the form. When the ROWCOLUMN unit is used, the form CPI and LPI are used to calculate the position and size of all fields within a form, irrespective of the CPI and LPI of the fields themselves.
	LPI	<u>lpi</u>	Lines per inch. This value specifies the default LPI within the form. When the ROWCOLUMN unit is used, the form CPI and LPI are used to calculate the position and size of all fields within a form, irrespective of the CPI and LPI of the fields themselves.
	POINTSIZE	<u>pointsize</u>	This value specifies the default POINTSIZE within the form
	COPYRIGHT	copyright*	Copyright entry
	TITLE	title*	Title of form
	COMMENT	comment*	Comment section
	USERPROMPT	prompt*	Prompt string for user interaction

¹ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Form definition.

	EGIN END	fieldname*	One field definition (as defined in the next section) for each field in the form
	ME BEGIN END	framename*	One frame definition (as defined in the next section) for each frame in the form
	FORM BEGIN END J	subformname*	One subform definition (as defined in the next section) for each subform in the form
END	1		

10.4 SubForm Definition ²

XFSSUBFORM		subformname*	
BEGIN			
(required)	POSITION	Х,	Horizontal position (relative to left side of form)
		Y or (Y, Z)	Vertical position (relative to top of form).
			Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning
			relative to top of form when top of form is other than 1 st
			page of form, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0)
			and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the
			form page number (as indicated by Z).
			Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to
			top of the 1 st form page.
(required)	SIZE	width,	Width of subform. Width must not exceed width of form.
		height	Height of subform. Height must not exceed height of form.
	[XFSFIELD	fieldname*	One field definition (as defined in the next section) for each
			field in the subform
	BEGIN		
	• • •		
	END]		
	[XFSFRAME	framename*	One frame definition (as defined in the next section) for
	nn an		each frame in the subform
	BEGIN		
	ENDI		
TINE	END]		
END			

The XFSSUBFORM definition provides a means to isolate a selected area of a form where the user may want to have a select group of fields, frames, and/or running headers and footers. All field and frame definitions within a subform are relative to the POSITION of the subform. A form definition with an imbedded subform will have a series of statements illustrated as follows:



 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a SubForm definition.

10.5 Field Definition ³

XFSFIELD		fieldname*	
BEGIN		jietunume	
(required)	POSITION	X, Y or (Y, Z)	Horizontal position (relative to left side of form/subform). Vertical position (relative to top of form/subform). Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to top of form/subform when top of form/subform is other than 1 st page of form/subform, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0) and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the form/subform page number (as indicated by Z). Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to
	FOLLOWS	fieldname*	top of the 1 st form/subform. Print this field directly following the field with the name <fieldname>; positioning information is ignored. See the description of WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM. If FOLLOWS is omitted then fields are printed in the order that they appear in the form definition.</fieldname>
	HEADER	N N-N	This field is either a form/subform header field. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the header field is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the header field is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by commas.
		ALL	ALL indicates that header field is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the header field is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	FOOTER	N N-N	This field is either a form/subform footer field. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the footer field is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the footer field is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		All	commas. ALL indicates that footer field is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the footer field is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	SIDE	side	Side of form where field is positioned: FRONT (default) BACK
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Field width Field height
	INDEX	repeatcount, xoffset, yoffset	Count how often this field is repeated in the form, INDEX fields are fixed length. (default is no INDEX field) Horizontal offset for next field Vertical offset for next field

_

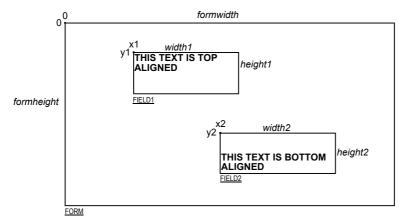
³ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Field definition.

eld:
ciu.
2
ld.

CASE	style	Display attributes as a combination of the following, ORed together using the " " operator: NORMAL (default) BOLD ITALIC UNDER (single underline) DOUBLEUNDER (double underline) DOUBLE (double width) TRIPLE (triple width) QUADRUPLE (quadruple width) STRIKETHROUGH ROTATE90 (rotate 90 degrees clockwise) ROTATE270 (rotate 270 degrees clockwise) UPSIDEDOWN (upside down) PROPORTIONAL (proportional spacing) DOUBLEHIGH TRIPLEHIGH QUADRUPLEHIGH CONDENSED SUPERSCRIPT SUBSCRIPT OVERSCORE LETTERQUALITY NEARLETTERQUALITY DOUBLESTRIKE OPAQUE (If omitted then default attribute is transparent) Some of these Styles may be mutually exclusive, or may combine to provide unexpected results.
		NOCHANGE (default) UPPER LOWER
HORIZONTAL	justify	Horizontal alignment of field contents: LEFT (default) RIGHT CENTER JUSTIFY
VERTICAL	justify	Vertical alignment of field contents: BOTTOM (default) CENTER TOP
COLOR	color	Color name: BLACK (default) WHITE GRAY RED BLUE GREEN YELLOW
RGBCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format: R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255. G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255. B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255. RGBCOLOR overrides the COLOR attribute.
LANGUAGE	languageID	Language used in this field - a 16 bit value (LANGID) which is a combination of a primary (10 bits) and a secondary (6 bits) language ID (This is the standard language ID in the Win32 API; standard macros support construction and decomposition of this composite ID). If unspecified defaults to form definition LANGUAGE specification.

		Ι	
	FONT	fontname*	Font name: This attribute is interpreted by the Service
			Provider. In some cases it may indicate printer resident
			fonts, and in others it may indicate the name of a
			downloadable font. For BARCODE fields it represents the
			barcode font name.
			In some cases this predefines the following parameters:
	POINTSIZE	pointsize	Point size. If unspecified, the point size defaults to the
		1	POINTSIZE defined for the form.
	CPI	cpi	Characters per inch. If unspecified, the CPI defaults to the
			<u>CPI defined for the form.</u>
	LPI	lpi	Lines per inch. If unspecified, the LPI defaults to the LPI
			defined for the form.
	FORMAT	formatstring*	This is an application defined input field describing how the
			application should format the data. This may be interpreted
			by the Service Provider.
	INITIALVALUE	value*	Initial value. For GRAPHIC type fields, this value may
			contain the filename of the graphic image. The type of this
			graphic will be determined by the file extension (e.g. BMP
			for Windows Bitmap). Graphic file name may be full or
			partial path.
			For example "C:\BSVC\BSVCLOGO.BMP" illustrates use
			of full path name.
			A file name specification of "LOGO.BMP" illustrates
			partial path name. In this instance file is obtained from
			current directory. Graphic contents can be changed
			dynamically at run-time and the new content will be printed
			on the next print action.
END			on the next print action.
D1 1D	L	I	

The following diagrams illustrate the positioning and sizing of text fields on a form, and, in particular, the vertical alignment of text within a field using **VERTICAL=TOP** and **VERTICAL=BOTTOM** values in the field definition.



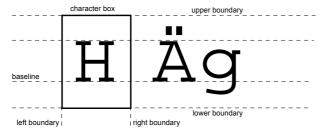
VERTICAL=TOP the upper boundary of the character drawing box (shown below)

is positioned vertically to the upper field boundary.

VERTICAL=BOTTOM the baseline of the character drawing box (shown below)

is positioned vertically to the lower field boundary.

Definition of the character drawing box:



When more than one line of text is to be printed in a field, and the definition includes **VERTICAL=BOTTOM**, the vertical position of the first line is calculated using the specified (or implied) **LPI** value.

10.6 Frame Definition ⁴

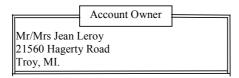
XFSFRAME		framename*	
BEGIN			
(required)	POSITION	X, Y or (Y, Z)	Horizontal position of top left corner of the frame (relative to left side of form/subform). Vertical position of top left corner of frame (relative to top of form/subform).
			Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning of the top left corner of the frame relative to top of form/subform when top of form/subform is other than 1st page of form/subform, where Z indicates page number (relative to
			0) and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the form/subform page number (as indicated by Z). Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning of the left corner of frame relative to top of the 1st form/subform.
	FRAMES	fieldname*	Frames the field with the name <fieldname>, positioning and size information are ignored. The frame surrounds the complete field, not just the printed data.</fieldname>
			If the field is repeated, the frame surrounds the first and last fields that are printed.
	HEADER	N	This frame is either a form/subform header frame. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the header frame is to print within.
		N-N	N-N represents a form/subform page number range the header frame is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		ALL	commas. ALL indicates that header frame is to be printed on all pages of form/subform.
			The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the header frame is to
			print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	FOOTER	N	This field is either a form/subform footer frame. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the footer frame is to print within.
		N-N	N-N represents a form/subform page number range the footer frame is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		ALL	commas. ALL indicates that footer frame is to be printed on all pages of form/subform.
			The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the footer frame is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	SIDE	side	Side of form where this frame is positioned: FRONT (default) BACK
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Frame width in base horizontal units for the form Frame height in base vertical units for the form
	REPEATONX	repeatcount,	Count how often this frame is repeated horizontally in the form. Horizontal offset for next frame in base horizontal units.
	REPEATONY	xoffset repeatcount,	Count how often this frame is repeated vertically in the form.
		yoffset	Vertical offset for next frame in base vertical units.

4 Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Frame definition.

	TYPE	framatuna	Type of frame:
	TYPE	frametype	
			RECTANGLE (default) ROUNDED_CORNER
			ELLIPSE
	CLACC	-1	
	CLASS	class	Frame class:
			STATIC (default)
			OPTIONAL (TILL 6
			(The frame is printed only if its
			name appears in the list of field
			names given as parameter to the
			WFSExecute command. In this
			case, the name of the frame
			must be different from all the
			names of the fields.)
	OVERFLOW	overflow	Action on frame overflowing the form:
			TERMINATE (default)
			TRUNCATE
			BESTFIT (the Service Provider fits the
			frame into the media as well
			as it can)
	STYLE	style	Frame line attributes:
			SINGLE_THIN (default)
			DOUBLE_THIN
			SINGLE_THICK
			DOUBLE_THICK
			DOTTED
	COLOR	color	Color name for frame lines:
			BLACK (default)
			WHITE
			GRAY
			RED
			BLUE
			GREEN
			YELLOW
	RGBCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
			R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			RGBCOLOR overrides the COLOR attribute.
	FILLCOLOR	color	Color name for interior of frame:
			BLACK
			WHITE (default)
			GRAY
			RED
			BLUE
			GREEN
			YELLOW
	RGBFILLCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
	KODFILLCOLOK	11, 0, 1	R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
I .		1	B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			RGBFILLCOLOR overrides the FILLCOLOR attribute.

FILLST	YLE style	Style for filling the interior of frame:	
		NONE (default)	
		SOLID Solid color	
		BDIAGONAL Downward hatch (left to	
		right) at 45 degrees	
		CROSS Horizontal and vertical	
		crosshatch	
		DIAGCROSS Crosshatch at 45 degrees	
		FDIAGONAL Upward hatch (left to	
		right) at 45 degrees	
		HORIZONTAL Horizontal hatch	
		VERTICAL Vertical hatch	
SUBSTS	SIGN substitute	Character that is used as substitute sign when a character in	
	sign	a read field cannot be read	
TITLE	fieldname*		
		frame. Positioning information of the field is ignored.	
HORIZO	ONTAL justify	Horizontal alignment of the frame title:	
		LEFT (default)	
		CENTER	
		RIGHT	
VERTIC	CAL justify	Vertical alignment of the frame title:	
		TOP (default)	
		BOTTOM	
END			

The XFSFRAME definition provides a means for framing a XFSFIELD text field. The basic concept of a XFSFRAME definition and corresponding XFSFIELD definition is illustrated as follows:



When the **XFSFRAME** frames a field, its positioning and size information are ignored. Instead, Service Providers should position the top left corner of the frame one horizontal base unit to the left and one vertical base unit to the top of the top left corner of the field. Similarly, Service Providers should size the frame so that it bottom right corner is one base unit below and to the right to the field. For instance, if the form units are **ROWCOLUMN**, and a **XFSFRAME** "A" is said to frame the **XFSFIELD** "B" which is positioned at row 1, column 1 with a size of 1 row and 20 columns, the frame will be drawn from row 0, column 0 to row 3, column 22.

The horizontal and vertical positioning of a frame title overrides the position of the named **XFSFIELD**. For instance, if a **XFSFRAME** "A" is said to have the **XFSFIELD** "B" as its title, with the default horizontal and vertical title justification, it is just as if **XFSFIELD** "B" had been positioned at the top left corner of the frame. Note that the **SIZE** information for the title field still is meaningful; it gives the starting and/or ending positions of the frame lines.

The SIDE attributes of the XFSFRAME and the XFSFIELDs it refers to must agree.

The width of the lines and the interval between the lines of doubled frames are vendor specific. Whether the lines are drawn using graphics printing or using pseudo-graphic is vendor specific. However, Service Providers are responsible for rendering intersecting frames.

Depending on the printer technology, framing of fields can substantially slow down the print process.

Support of framing by a Service Provider or the device it controls is not mandatory to be XFS compliant.

Sample 1: Simple framing

XFSFORM "Multiple Balances"

BEGIN
UNIT INCH, 16, 16
SIZE 91, 64
VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS"
LANGUAGE 0x0409
XFSFIELD "Account Title"
BEGIN

POSITION 15, 4 SIZE 30, 4

CLASS STATIC

HORIZONTAL CENTER

INITIALVALUE "Account" END XFSFIELD "Balance Title"

BEGIN
POSITION 45, 4
SIZE 30, 4
CLASS STATIC
HORIZONTAL CENTER
INITIALVALUE "Balance"

When printed with the following field list:

Account[0]=0123456789123001 Account[1]=0123456789123002 Account[2]=0123456789123003

Balance[0]=\$17465.12 Balance[1] =\$2458.23 Balance[2]=\$6542.78

Will print:

Account	Balance
012345678912300	\$17465.12
1 012345678912300	\$2458.23
2 012345678912300	\$6542.78
3	

When printed with the following field list:
Account[0]=0123456789123001
Balance[0]=\$17465.12
Will print:

Balance
\$17465.12

	1
XFSFIELD "Account"	
BEGIN	
POSITION 15, 8	
SIZE 30, 4	
INDEX 10, 0, 3	
END //"Account"	
XFSFIELD "Balance"	
BEGIN	
POSITION 45, 8	
SIZE 30, 4	
INDEX 10, 0, 3	
HORIZONTAL RIGHT END //"Balance"	
XFSFRAME "Account Title"	
BEGIN	
POSITION 15, 4	
FRAMES "Account Title"	
SIZE 30, 4	
STYLE DOUBLE THIN	
END	
XFSFRAME "Balance Title"	
BEGIN	
POSITION 45, 4	
FRAMES "Balance Title"	
SIZE 30, 4	
STYLE DOUBLE_THIN	
END WEGER A ME !! A	
XFSFRAME "Account"	
BEGIN POSITION 15 9	
POSITION 15, 8	
FRAMES "Account" SIZE 30, 34	
STYLE DOUBLE THIN	
END	
XFSFRAME "Balance"	
BEGIN	
POSITION 45, 8	
FRAMES "Balance"	
SIZE 30, 34	
STYLE DOUBLE_THIN	
END	
END	
Sample 2: Framing with title	
	William maintaid and discount of
XFSFORM "Bank Details"	When printed with the following
DECIN	field list:
BEGIN UNIT INCH, 16, 16	Owner = Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy
UNIT INCH, 16, 16 SIZE 121, 64	21560 Hagerty Road Troy, MI.
VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor"	110y, WII.
LANGUAGE 0x0409	will print:
XFSFIELD "Owner Frame Title"	will print.
BEGIN	
POSITION 24, 9	Account Owner —
SIZE 27, 3	Mr/Mrs Jean
	1 1-

Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy 21560 Hagerty Road

Troy, MI.

END

CLASS STATIC

HORIZONTAL CENTER

```
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   VERTICAL CENTER
   INITIALVALUE "Account Owner"
  END
  XFSFIELD "Owner"
   BEGIN
     POSITION 20, 11
     SIZE 35, 9
     CLASS REQUIRED
     VERTICAL TOP
  END //"Owner"
  XFSFRAME "Owner Frame"
   BEGIN
     POSITION 19, 10
     FRAMES "Owner"
     SIZE 37, 11
     TITLE "Owner Frame Title"
     HORIZONTAL CENTER
  END
 END
```

Sample 3: Framing with filled interior

```
XFSFORM "Bank Details"
BEGIN
 UNIT INCH, 16, 16
 SIZE 121, 64
 VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor"
 LANGUAGE 0x0409
 XFSFIELD "Owner"
 BEGIN
  POSITION 20, 11
  SIZE 35, 9
  CLASS REQUIRED
   VERTICAL TOP
 END
 XFSFRAME "Owner Frame"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 19, 10
   FRAMES "Owner"
   SIZE 37, 11
   FILLCOLOR GRAY
   FILLSTYLE CROSS
 END
```

When printed with the following field list:

Owner = Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy
21560 Hagerty Road
Troy, MI.

will print:

Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy 21560 Hagerty Road Troy, MI.

Sample 4: Repeated Framing

XFSFORM "Smart Account Number"

BEGIN
UNIT INCH, 16, 16
SIZE 121, 64
VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor"
LANGUAGE 0x0409
XFSFIELD "Account Number"
BEGIN
POSITION 20, 8
SIZE 4, 4
INDEX 12, 4, 0

When printed with the following field list:
Account Number[0]=0
Account Number[1]=1
Account Number[2]=2
Account Number[3]=3
Account Number[4]=4
Account Number[5]=5
Account Number[6]=6
Account Number[7]=7
Account Number[8]=8
Account Number[9]=9

HORIZONTAL CENTER
VERTICAL CENTER
END
XFSFRAME "A/N Frame"
BEGIN
POSITION 20, 8
SIZE 4, 4
REPEATONX 12, 4
END
END

Account Number[10]=0 Account Number[11]=1

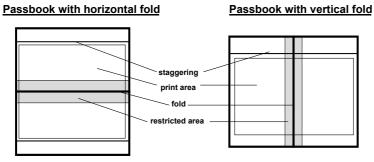
will print

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

10.7 Media Definition ⁵

The media definition determines those characteristics that result from the combination of a particular media type together with a particular vendor's printer. The aim is to make it easy to move forms between different vendors' printers which might have different constraints on how they handle a specific media type. It is the Service Provider's responsibility to ensure that the form definition does not specify the printing of any fields that conflict with the media definition. An example of such a conflict might be that the form definition asks for a field to be printed in an area that the media definition defines as an unprintable area.

The media definition is also intended to provide the capability of defining media types that are specific to the financial industry. An example is a passbook as shown below.



XFSMEDIA		medianame*	
BEGIN			
	ТҮРЕ	type	Predefined media types are: GENERIC (default) MULTIPART PASSBOOK
	SOURCE	source	Paper source: ANY (default) UPPER LOWER EXTERNAL (envelope tray or single sheet feed tray) AUX AUX2 PARK
(required)	UNIT	base,	Base resolution unit for media definition: MM INCH ROWCOLUMN Horizontal base unit fraction Vertical base unit fraction
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Width of physical media Height of physical media (0 = unlimited, i.e. roll paper)
	PRINTAREA	x, y, width, height	Printable area relative to top left corner of physical media (default = physical size of media)
	RESTRICTED	x, y, width, height	Restricted area relative to top left corner of physical media (default = no restricted area)
	FOLD	fold	Type of passbook: HORIZONTAL (default) VERTICAL

⁵ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Media definition.

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	STAGGERING	staggering	Staggering of passbook from top (default = 0)
	PAGE	count	Number of pages in passbook (default = 0)
	LINES	count	Number of printable lines (default = 0)
END			

10.8 XFS Form/Media Definition Files in Multi-Vendor Environments

Although for most Service Providers directory location and extension of XFS form/media definition files are configurable through the registry, the capabilities of Service Providers and or actual hardware may vary. Therefore the following considerations should be taken into account when applications use XFS form definition files with the purpose of running in a multi-vendor environment:

- Physical print area dimensions of printers are not identical.
- Graphic printout may not be supported, which may limit the use of the FONT, CPI and LPI keywords.
- Some printers may have a resolution of dots/mm rather than dots/inch, which may result in printouts with a specific CPI/LPI font resolution to be slightly off size.
- Some form/media definition keywords may not be supported due to limitations of the hardware or software.

Deleted: <#>Just-in-time form loading may not be supported by all Service Providers, which makes it impossible to create dynamic form files just before printing (which in return means that only the print data of the forms can be changed, not the -layout data such as the font and font size) ¶

11. Command and Event Flows during Single and Multi Page / Wad Printing

It is possible to print a number of pages or bunches of pages (wads) through the XFS Service Provider. The following sections describe how this is achieved.

11.1 Single Page / Single Wad Printing with immediate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- A single page or single wad of pages is presented.
- The bMediaPresented Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE command is used as an example.

<u>Step</u>	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
<u>2.</u>		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
<u>3.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
<u>4.</u>			One wad or page is required.	
<u>5.</u>				Wad or page presented.
<u>6.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>7.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
<u>8.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>9.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.2 Single Page / Single Wad Printing with separate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE, WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM and WFS CMD PTR RAW DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- A single page or single wad of pages is presented.
- The bMediaPresented Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to zero.
- The media is presented to the user through a WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command, with the lpdwMediaControl flag set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW DATA command is used as an example.

<u>Step</u>	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
<u>2.</u>		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
<u>3.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaCotrol set to zero).		
<u>4.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
<u>5.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA (with lpdwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
<u>6.</u>			One wad or page is required.	
<u>7.</u>				Wad or page presented.
<u>8.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>9.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA completes successfully.		
<u>10.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>11.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.3 Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with immediate Media Control

This table illustrates a successful WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command where multiple page / wads are presented (and the *bMediaPresented* Capability flag indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated). In addition, the previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be printed.

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE, WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM and WFS CMD PTR RAW DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- Multiple pages or multiple wads of pages are presented.
- The bMediaPresented Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.
- The previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be presented.

The WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE command is used as an example.

<u>Step</u>	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	<u>PTR</u> Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
<u>2.</u>		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
<u>3.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
<u>4.</u>			Three wads or pages are required.	
<u>5.</u>				First wad or page presented.
<u>6.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>7.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>8.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	
9.				Second wad or page presented.
<u>10.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>11.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>12.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

<u>Step</u>	End-User	<u>Application</u>	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
<u>13.</u>				Final wad or page presented.
<u>14.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>15.</u>		WFS CMD PTR PRINT - RAW FILE completes successfully.		
<u>16.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>17.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.4 Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with separate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE, WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM and WFS CMD PTR RAW DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- Multiple pages or multiple wads of pages are presented.
- The bMediaPresented Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to zero.
- The media is presented to the user through a WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command, with the lpdwMediaControl flag set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.
- The previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be presented.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command is used as a specific example.

<u>Step</u>	End-User	<u>Application</u>	XFS Service Provider	<u>PTR</u> Hardware
<u>1.</u>	User wants a statement printed.			
<u>2.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT FORM command issued (with dwMediaCotrol set to zero).		
<u>3.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT FORM completes successfully.		
<u>4.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA (with lpdwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
<u>5.</u>			Three wads or pages are required.	
<u>6.</u>				First wad or page presented.
<u>7.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>8.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>9.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	
<u>10.</u>				Second wad or page presented.
<u>11.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>12.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>13.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

<u>Step</u>	End-User	<u>Application</u>	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
<u>14.</u>				Final wad or page presented.
<u>15.</u>			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
<u>16.</u>		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA completes successfully.		
<u>17.</u>	User takes wad/page.			
<u>18.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.5 Printing with immediate Media Control and bMediaPresented == FALSE

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE, WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM and WFS CMD PTR RAW DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- One or more pages or wads of pages is presented (it is the same flow for one or a number of pages).
- The bMediaPresented Capability flag is FALSE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event cannot be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

<u>Step</u>	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	<u>PTR</u> Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
<u>2.</u>		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
<u>3.</u>		WFS CMD PTR PRINT - RAW FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to WFS PTR CTRLEJECT).		
<u>4.</u>			One or more wads/pages are required.	
<u>5.</u>				One or more wad or page presented.
7.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
<u>8.</u>	User takes wads/pages.			
<u>9.</u>			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

12. C-Header File

```
XFS - Banking Printer (PTR) definitions
                (receipt, journal, passbook and document printer)
              Version 3.10 (29/11/2007)
#ifndef __INC_XFSPTR_
#define __INC_XFSPTR__H
\begin{array}{l} \texttt{\#ifdef} \quad \underline{\quad} \texttt{cplusplus} \\ \texttt{extern} \quad \overline{\quad} \texttt{C} \\ \end{array}
#endif
#include <xfsapi.h>
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* value of WFSPTRCAPS.wClass */
           WFS SERVICE CLASS PTR
#define
                                               (1)
           WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_VERSION_PTR
                                               (0x0A03) /* Version 3.10 */
#define
                                                                                              Deleted: (0x0003
#define
           WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_NAME_PTR
                                               "PTR"
#define
           PTR SERVICE OFFSET
                                               (WFS SERVICE CLASS PTR * 100)
/* PTR Info Commands */
#define
           WFS INF PTR STATUS
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 1)
           WFS INF PTR CAPABILITIES
#define
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 2)
#define
           WFS_INF_PTR_FORM_LIST
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 3)
           WFS INF PTR MEDIA LIST
#define
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 4)
           WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM
WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_MEDIA
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
#define
#define
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 6)
           WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FIELD
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
#define
          WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING
#define
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 8)
/* PTR Execute Commands */
#define
           WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
           WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 2)
           WFS CMD PTR READ FORM
#define
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 3)
#define
           WFS CMD PTR RAW DATA
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 4)
           WFS CMD PTR MEDIA EXTENTS
                                               (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
#define
#define
           WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
#define
           WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
#define
           WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
           WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define
#define
           WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define
           WFS CMD PTR SET GUIDANCE LIGHT
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 11)
           WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 12)
#define
#define
           WFS CMD PTR LOAD DEFINITION
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 13)
                                                (PTR SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define
           WFS CMD PTR SUPPLY REPLENISH
           WFS CMD PTR POWER SAVE CONTROL
#define
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15)
/* PTR Messages */
           WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
#define
           WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
#define
           WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR
                                               (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
```

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#define
           WFS EXEE PTR FIELDWARNING
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 4)
           WFS USRE PTR RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD
#define
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 6)
#define
           WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN
           WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD
#define
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 7)
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 8)
#define
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define
           WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED
           WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define
#define
           WFS USRE PTR INKTHRESHOLD
                                                (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define
           WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 12)
#define
           WFS SRVE PTR RETRACTBINSTATUS
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 13)
#define
           WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 14)
           WFS SRVE PTR DEFINITIONLOADED
#define
                                                 (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 15)
                                                 (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 16)
#define
           WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED
#define
           WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 17)
           WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTED
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 18)
#define
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 19)
#define
           WFS SRVE PTR DEVICEPOSITION
           WFS SRVE PTR POWER SAVE CHANGE
                                                (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 20)
#define
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwDevice */
                                                WFS STAT DEVONLINE
#define
           WFS PTR DEVONLINE
#define
           WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE
#define
           WFS PTR DEVPOWEROFF
                                                WFS STAT DEVPOWEROFF
#define
           WFS_PTR_DEVNODEVICE
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE
#define
           WFS PTR DEVHWERROR
                                                WFS STAT DEVHWERROR
           WFS PTR DEVUSERERROR
                                                WFS STAT DEVUSERERROR
#define
#define
           WFS PTR DEVBUSY
                                                WFS STAT DEVBUSY
                                                WFS STAT DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
           WFS PTR DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
#define
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwMedia and
             WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED.wPosition */
           WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT
#define
                                                (0)
           WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTPRESENT
#define
                                                (1)
#define
           WFS PTR MEDIAJAMMED
                                                (2)
#define
           WFS PTR MEDIANOTSUPP
                                                (3)
#define
           WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN
                                                (4)
#define
           WFS PTR MEDIAENTERING
                                                (5)
#define
           WFS PTR MEDIARETRACTED
                                                (6)
/* additional values for WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED.wPosition */
#define WFS PTR MEDIAEXPELLED
                                                (7)
/* Size and max index of fwPaper array */
#define
           WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE
                                                (16)
#define
           WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX
                                                (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1)
/* Indices of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [...] */
#define
           WFS PTR SUPPLYUPPER
                                                (0)
           WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER
WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL
#define
                                                (1)
#define
                                                (2)
           WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX
#define
                                                (3)
#define
           WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2
                                                (4)
#define
           WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK
                                                (5)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper and
             WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThreshold */
           WFS PTR PAPERFULL
#define
           WFS PTR PAPERLOW
#define
                                                (1)
           WFS PTR PAPEROUT
#define
                                                (2)
#define
           WFS PTR PAPERNOTSUPP
                                                (3)
           WFS PTR PAPERUNKNOWN
#define
                                                (4)
```

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#define
           WFS PTR PAPERJAMMED
                                               (5)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwToner */
          WFS_PTR_TONERFULL WFS_PTR_TONERLOW
#define
                                               (0)
#define
                                               (1)
           WFS_PTR_TONEROUT
#define
                                               (2)
#define
           WFS_PTR_TONERNOTSUPP
                                               (3)
#define
           WFS_PTR_TONERUNKNOWN
                                               (4)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwInk */
#define
           WFS_PTR_INKFULL
                                               (0)
           WFS_PTR_INKLOW
#define
                                               (1)
           WFS_PTR_INKOUT
WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP
#define
                                               (2)
#define
                                               (3)
           WFS_PTR_INKUNKNOWN
#define
                                               (4)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwLamp */
#define
           WFS PTR LAMPOK
                                               (0)
#define
           WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING
                                               (1)
#define
           WFS PTR LAMPINOP
                                               (2)
#define
           WFS PTR LAMPNOTSUPP
                                               (3)
#define
           WFS PTR LAMPUNKNOWN
                                               (4)
/* values of WFSPTRRETRACTBINS.wRetractBin and
            WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD.wRetractBin */
#define
           WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK
                                               (0)
#define
           WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL
                                               (1)
#define
           WFS PTR RETRACTNOTSUPP
                                               (2)
#define
           WFS_PTR_RETRACTUNKNOWN
                                               (3)
#define
           WFS PTR RETRACTBINHIGH
                                               (4)
/* additional values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwRetractBin */
        WFS PTR RETRACTBINMISSING
#define
/* Size and max index of dwGuidLights array */
           WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE
#define
                                               (32)
#define
          WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX
                                               (WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE - 1)
/* Indices of WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
              WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [...] */
          WFS PTR GUIDANCE PRINTER
                                          (0)
#define
/* Values of WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
            WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [...] */
#define
            WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE
                                               (0x00000000)
#define
           WFS PTR GUIDANCE OFF
                                               (0x0000001)
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE SLOW FLASH
#define
                                               (0x00000004)
#define
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE MEDIUM FLASH
                                                (0x0000008)
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE QUICK FLASH
                                                (0x0000010)
#define
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE CONTINUOUS
#define
                                                (0x00000080)
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE RED
                                               (0x00000100)
#define
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE GREEN
                                               (0x00000200)
#define
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE YELLOW
#define
                                               (0x00000400)
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE BLUE
                                               (0x00000800)
#define
#define
            WFS PTR GUIDANCE CYAN
                                               (0x00001000)
```

	WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	(0x00002000)
#define	WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	(0x00004000)
/* values	of WFSPTRSTATUS.wDevicePosition	
	WFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION.wPosition	*/
#define	WFS PTR DEVICEINPOSITION	(0)
#define	WFS PTR DEVICENOTINPOSITION	(1)
#define	WFS PTR DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	(2)
#define	WFS PTR DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	(3)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwType */	
#define	WFS PTR TYPERECEIPT	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPEPASSBOOK	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPEJOURNAL	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPEDOCUMENT	(0x0008)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPESCANNER	(0x0010)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.wResolution, WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wResolution */	
#define	WFS PTR RESLOW	(0x0001)
#define	WFS PTR RESMED	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	(0x0008)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwReadForm */	
#define	WFS PTR READOCR	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_READMICR	(0x0002)
define#	WFS_PTR_READMSF	(0x0004)
define	WFS_PTR_READBARCODE	(0x0008)
define	WFS_PTR_READPAGEMARK	(0x0010)
#define	WFS_PTR_READIMAGE	(0x0020)
#define	WFS_PTR_READEMPTYLINE	(0x0040)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwWriteForm */	
#define	WFS PTR WRITETEXT	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS	(0x0002)
define	WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR	(0x0004)
define	WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR	(0x0008)
define	WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF	(0x0010)
‡define ‡define	WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS PTR WRITESTAMP	(0x0020) (0x0040)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */	
		(00001)
#define #define	WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL	(0x0001) (0x0002)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo	ntrol */
#define	WFS PTR CTRLEJECT	(0x0001)
#define #define	WFS_PIR_CIRLEGECT WFS_PTR_CIRLEGECT	(0x0001) (0x0002)
define#	WFS PTR CTRLCUT	(0x0002)
define	WFS PTR CTRLSKIP	(0x0008)
#define	WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	(0x0010)
#define	WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	(0x0020)
#define	WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK	(0x0040)
define	WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	(0x0080)
#define	WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM WFS PTR CTRLATPFORWARD	(0x0100) (0x0200)
#define		

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	#define	WFS PTR CTRLATPBACKWARD	(0x0400)
	#define	WFS PTR CTRLTURNMEDIA	(0x0400) (0x0800)
	#define	WFS PTR CTRLSTAMP	(0x1000)
	#define	WFS PTR CTRLPARK	(0x2000)
	#define	WFS PTR CTRLEXPEL	(0x4000)
	#define	WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT	(0x8000)
٠			
	/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwPaperSources,	
		WFSFRMMEDIA.wPaperSources,	
		WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wPaperSource and WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperSource	e */
		wrsrikrarekinkeshobb.wrapeisouice	- "/
	#define	WFS PTR PAPERANY	(0x0001)
	#define	WFS PTR PAPERUPPER	(0x0002)
	#define	WFS PTR PAPERLOWER	(0x0004)
	#define	WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	(8000x0)
	#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	(0x0010)
	#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	(0x0020)
	#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	(0x0040)
	/* 772]1160	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageType,	
	/ ·· values	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageFor	rmat and
		WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFionermageForm	
		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	,
	#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	(0x0001)
	#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	(0x0002)
i	#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	(0x0004)
	#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	(0x0008)
	/* walued	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwFrontImageColorForma	a+
	/ ·· values	WFSPTRCAPS.fwBackImageColorFormat	
		WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol	
			torformat and
		WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFloheImageColo	
		WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo	orFormat */
	#define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo	orFormat */ (0x0001)
	#define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColowFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARYWFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	(0x0001) (0x0002)
		WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo	orFormat */ (0x0001)
	#define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColowFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARYWFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	(0x0001) (0x0002)
	#define #define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColowFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	(0x0001) (0x0002)
	#define #define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColowFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and	0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	#define #define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColowFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	#define #define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColowFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and	0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define #define /* values</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define #define /* values #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColor WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001)
	<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002)
	<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECT3B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002)
	<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource,	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource,	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECTA Of WFSPTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECTA WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECTA Of WFSPTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECTA WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImag	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFS_PTR_IMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECTA Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwIma	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECTA Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwIma	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_CODELINE Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_UNICODE	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGERONT WFS_PTR_IMAGERONT WFS_PTR_IMAGERONT WFS_PTR_CODELINE Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_UNICODE	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_CODELINE Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_UNICODE	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
	<pre>#define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECT Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE Of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_UNICODE Of WFSFRMHEADER.wBase, WFSFRMMEDIA.wBase,	orFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)

#define #define #define	WFS_FRM_INCH WFS_FRM_MM WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	(0) (1) (2)
/* values	of WFSFRMHEADER.wAlignment */	
#define #define	WFS_FRM_TOPLEFT WFS_FRM_TOPRIGHT WFS_FRM_BOTTOMLEFT WFS_FRM_BOTTOMRIGHT	(0) (1) (2) (3)
/* values	of WFSFRMHEADER.wOrientation */	
#define #define	WFS_FRM_PORTRAIT WFS_FRM_LANDSCAPE	(0) (1)
/* values	of WFSFRMMEDIA.fwMediaType */	
#define #define #define	WFS_FRM_MEDIAGENERIC WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK WFS_FRM_MEDIAMULTIPART	(0) (1) (2)
/* values	of WFSFRMMEDIA.fwFoldType */	
	WFS_FRM_FOLDNONE	(0)
#define #define	WFS_FRM_FOLDHORIZONTAL WFS_FRM_FOLDVERTICAL	(1) (2)
#deline	WF5_FRM_FOLDVERITCAL	(2)
	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwType */	
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDTEXT WFS_FRM_FIELDMICR	(0)
		(1)
#define #define	WFS_FRM_FIELDOCR WFS FRM FIELDMSF	(2) (3)
#define	WFS FRM FIELDBARCODE	(4)
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDGRAPHIC	(5)
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDPAGEMARK	(6)
/* values	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwClass */	
#define #define	WFS_FRM_CLASSSTATIC WFS_FRM_CLASSOPTIONAL	(0)
#define	WFS_FRM_CLASSOPTIONAL WFS_FRM_CLASSREQUIRED	(1) (2)
dol 1110		(2)
/* values	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwAccess */	
#define	WFS_FRM_ACCESSREAD	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_FRM_ACCESSWRITE	(0x0002)
/* values	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwOverflow */	
	WFS_FRM_OVFTERMINATE	(0)
#define #define	WFS_FRM_OVFTRUNCATE WFS FRM OVFBESTFIT	(1) (2)
#define	WFS_FRM_OVFBESIFII WFS_FRM_OVFOVERWRITE	(3)
	WFS_FRM_OVFWORDWRAP	(4)
/* values	of WFSPTRFIELDFAIL.wFailure */	
	WFS_PTR_FIELDREQUIRED	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDSTATICOVWR	(1)

```
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#define
           WFS PTR FIELDOVERFLOW
                                                 (2)
           WFS PTR FIELDNOTFOUND
#define
                                                 (3)
           WFS PTR FIELDNOTREAD
#define
                                                 (4)
           WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTWRITE
WFS_PTR_FIELDHWERROR
#define
                                                 (5)
#define
                                                 (6)
#define
           WFS_PTR_FIELDTYPENOTSUPPORTED
                                                 (7)
#define
           WFS PTR FIELDGRAPHIC
                                                 (8)
#define
           WFS PTR CHARSETFORM
                                                 (9)
/* values of WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wAlignment */
           WFS PTR ALNUSEFORMDEFN
                                                 (0)
#define
#define
           WFS PTR ALNTOPLEFT
                                                 (1)
#define
           WFS_PTR_ALNTOPRIGHT
                                                 (2)
#define
           WFS PTR ALNBOTTOMLEFT
                                                 (3)
           WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMRIGHT
#define
                                                 (4)
/* values of WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wOffsetX and
             WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wOffsetY */
#define
           WFS PTR OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN
                                                (0xffff)
/* values of WFSPTRRAWDATA.wInputData */
#define
           WFS PTR NOINPUTDATA
                                                 (0)
           WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA
#define
                                                 (1)
/* values of WFSPTRIMAGE.wStatus */
#define
            WFS_PTR_DATAOK
                                                 (0)
            WFS_PTR_DATASRCNOTSUPP
#define
                                                 (1)
#define
            WFS PTR DATASRCMISSING
                                                 (2)
/* values of WFSPTRBINSTATUS.wRetractBin */
            WFS PTR RETRACTBININSERTED
#define
            WFS PTR RETRACTBINREMOVED
#define
                                                 (2)
/* values of WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED.dwDefinitionType */
#define
           WFS PTR FORMLOADED
                                                 (0x0000001)
#define
           WFS_PTR_MEDIALOADED
                                                 (0x00000002)
/* values of WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN.fwSupplyReplen */
           WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERUPPER
#define
                                                 (0x0001)
#define
           WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERLOWER
                                                 (0x0002)
           WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERAUX
#define
                                                 (0x0004)
           WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERAUX2
#define
                                                 (0x0008)
#define
           WFS PTR REPLEN TONER
                                                 (0x0010)
           WFS PTR REPLEN INK
WFS PTR REPLEN LAMP
                                                 (0x0020)
#define
#define
                                                 (0x0040)
/* values of WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED.wMediaRejected */
#define
           WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHORT
                                                 (0)
```

#define

#define

#define

#define

#define

#define

WFS PTR REJECT LONG
WFS PTR REJECT MULTIPLE

WFS PTR REJECT ALIGN

WFS PTR REJECT SHUTTER

WFS PTR REJECT ESCROW

WFS PTR REJECT MOVETOALIGN

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

(6)

```
#define
           WFS PTR REJECT THICK
                                              (7)
           WFS PTR REJECT OTHER
#define
                                              (8)
/* values of WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED.wRetractResult */
          WFS PTR AUTO RETRACT OK
#define
#define
           WFS PTR AUTO RETRACT MEDIAJAMMED
                                              (1)
/* XFS PTR Errors */
           WFS ERR PTR FORMNOTFOUND
#define
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 0))
           WFS ERR PTR FIELDNOTFOUND
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 1))
#define
#define
           WFS ERR PTR NOMEDIAPRESENT
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 2))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR READNOTSUPPORTED
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 3))
           WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4))
#define
           WES ERR PTR MEDIAOVERELOW
#define
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 5))
           WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6))
#define
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 7))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR EXTENTNOTSUPPORTED
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 9))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR MEDIAINVALID
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 11))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDINVALID
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12))
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 13))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR MEDIASKEWED
           WFS ERR PTR RETRACTBINFULL
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 14))
#define
#define
           WFS ERR PTR STACKERFULL
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 15))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR PAGETURNFAIL
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 16))
           WFS ERR PTR MEDIATURNFAIL
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 17))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 18))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR MEDIAJAMMED
#define
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 19))
           WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 20))
#define
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_CHARSETDATA
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 24))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR TONEROUT
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 25))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 26))
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 27))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR SOURCEINVALID
#define
           WFS ERR PTR SEQUENCEINVALID
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 28))
           WFS ERR PTR MEDIASIZE
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 29))
#define
          WFS ERR PTR INVALID PORT
WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETAINED
                                               (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 30))
#define
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 31))
#define
#define
           WFS ERR PTR BLACKMARK
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 32))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR DEFINITIONEXISTS
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 33))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR MEDIAREJECTED
                                               (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 34))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED
                                               (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 35))
#define
           WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR
                                              (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36))
#define
           WFS ERR PTR NOMSF
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 37))
           WFS ERR PTR FILENOTFOUND
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 38))
#define
#define
           WFS ERR PTR POWERSAVETOOSHORT
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 39))
           WFS ERR PTR POWERSAVEMEDIAPRESENT
                                              (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 40))
#define
/*============*/
/* PTR Info Command Structures */
/*========*/
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_retract_bins
    WORD
                         wRetractBin;
                         usRetractCount;
} WFSPTRRETRACTBINS, *LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_status
    WORD
                         fwDevice;
    WORD
                         fwMedia:
```

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    WORD
                          fwPaper[WFS PTR SUPPLYSIZE];
    WORD
                          fwToner;
    WORD
                          fwInk;
    WORD
                          fwLamp;
    LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS *lppRetractBins;
    USHORT
                          usMediaOnStacker;
    LPSTR
                          lpszExtra;
                          dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
    DWORD
    WORD
                          wDevicePosition;
    USHORT
                          usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
 WFSPTRSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRSTATUS;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_caps
    WORD
                          wClass;
                          fwType;
bCompound;
wResolution;
    WORD
    BOOL
    WORD
    WORD
                          fwReadForm;
    WORD
                          fwWriteForm;
    WORD
                          fwExtents;
    WORD
                          fwControl;
    USHORT
                          usMaxMediaOnStacker;
    BOOL
                          bAcceptMedia;
    BOOL
                          bMultiPage;
    WORD
                          fwPaperSources;
    BOOL
                          bMediaTaken;
    USHORT
                          usRetractBins;
    LPUSHORT
                          lpusMaxRetract;
    WORD
                          fwImageType;
                          fwFrontImageColorFormat;
    WORD
    WORD
                          fwBackImageColorFormat;
    WORD
                          fwCodelineFormat;
    WORD
                          fwImageSource;
    WORD
                          fwCharSupport;
    BOOL
                          bDispensePaper;
    LPSTR
                          lpszExtra;
    DWORD
                          dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
    LPSTR
                          lpszWindowsPrinter;
    BOOL
                          bMediaPresented;
    USHORT
                          usAutoRetractPeriod;
                          bRetractToTransport;
    BOOL
    BOOL
                          bPowerSaveControl;
} WFSPTRCAPS, *LPWFSPTRCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_header
    LPSTR
                          lpszFormName;
    WORD
                          wBase;
    WORD
                          wUnitX;
    WORD
                          wUnitY;
    WORD
                          wWidth;
    WORD
                          wHeight;
    WORD
                          wAlignment;
                          wOrientation;
    WORD
    WORD
                          wOffsetX:
    WORD
                          wOffsetY:
    WORD
                          wVersionMajor;
                          wVersionMinor;
    WORD
    LPSTR
                          lpszUserPrompt;
    WORD
                          fwCharSupport;
    LPSTR
                          lpszFields;
    WORD
                          wLanguageID;
} WFSFRMHEADER, *LPWFSFRMHEADER;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_media
                          fwMediaType;
    WORD
    WORD
                          wBase;
    WORD
                          wUnitX;
```

```
WORD
                       wUnitY;
   WORD
                       wSizeWidth;
   WORD
                       wSizeHeight;
   WORD
                       wPageCount;
   WORD
                       wLineCount:
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaX;
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaY:
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaWidth;
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaHeight;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaX;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaY;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaWidth;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaHeight;
   WORD
                       wStagger;
   WORD
                       wFoldType;
   WORD
                       wPaperSources:
} WFSFRMMEDIA, *LPWFSFRMMEDIA;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_query_field
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                       lpszFieldName;
} WFSPTRQUERYFIELD, *LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_field
                       lpszFieldName;
   WORD
                       wIndexCount;
                       fwType;
   WORD
   WORD
                       fwClass:
   WORD
                       fwAccess;
   WORD
                       fwOverflow:
   LPSTR
                       lpszInitialValue;
                       lpszUNICODEInitialValue;
   LPWSTR
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormat;
   LPWSTR
                       lpszUNICODEFormat;
   WORD
                       wLanguageID;
} WFSFRMFIELD, *LPWFSFRMFIELD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_hex_data
   USHORT
                       usLength;
   LPBYTE
                       lpbData;
} WFSPTRXDATA, *LPWFSPTRXDATA;
/* WFS INF PTR CODELINE MAPPING input and output structures */
typedef struct wfs_ptr_codeline_mapping
                       wCodelineFormat;
}WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING;
typedef struct wfs ptr codeline mapping out
                       wCodelineFormat;
   WORD
   LPWFSPTRXDATA
                       lpxCharMapping;
} WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT;
/*============*/
/* PTR Execute Command Structures */
/*======*/
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_print_form
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                       lpszMediaName;
   WORD
                       wAlignment;
   WORD
                       wOffsetX:
```

```
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    WORD
                         wOffsetY;
    WORD
                         wResolution;
    DWORD
                         dwMediaControl;
    LPSTR
                         lpszFields:
    LPWSTR
                         lpszUNICODEFields;
    WORD
                         wPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTFORM, *LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form
                         lpszFormName;
    LPSTR
                         lpszFieldNames;
    LPSTR
                         lpszMediaName;
    DWORD
                         dwMediaControl;
} WFSPTRREADFORM, *LPWFSPTRREADFORM;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form_out
    LPSTR
                         lpszFields;
                         lpszUNICODEFields;
   LPWSTR
} WFSPTRREADFORMOUT, *LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data
    WORD
                         wInputData;
    ULONG
                         ulSize;
    LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATA, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data_in
    ULONG
                         ulSize:
   LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATAIN, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_unit
    WORD
    WORD
                         wUnitX;
} WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_ext
    ULONG
                         ulSizeX:
    ULONG
                         ulSizeY;
} WFSPTRMEDIAEXT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image_request
    WORD
                         wFrontImageType;
    WORD
                         wBackImageType;
                         wFrontImageColorFormat;
    WORD
    WORD
                         wBackImageColorFormat;
    WORD
                         wCodelineFormat:
    WORD
                         fwImageSource;
    LPSTR
                         lpszFrontImageFile;
   LPSTR
                         lpszBackImageFile;
} WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST, *LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image
    WORD
                         wImageSource;
    WORD
                         wStatus;
    ULONG
                         ulDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRIMAGE, *LPWFSPTRIMAGE;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_reset
```

```
DWORD
                        dwMediaControl;
   USHORT
                        usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRRESET, *LPWFSPTRRESET;
typedef struct wfs ptr_set_guidlight
                        wGuidLight;
   WORD
   DWORD
                        dwCommand;
} WFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT;
typedef struct wfs ptr print raw file
    LPSTR
                        lpszFileName;
   DWORD
                        dwMediaControl;
   DWORD
                        dwPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE, *LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_load definition
   LPSTR
                        lpszFileName;
   BOOL
                        bOverwrite;
} WFSPTRLOADDEFINITION, *LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_supply_replen
                        fwSupplyReplen;
} WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN, *LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_power_save_control
    USHORT
                        usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL;
/* PTR Message Structures */
/*----*/
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_field_failure
   LPSTR
                        lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                        lpszFieldName;
                        wFailure;
   WORD
} WFSPTRFIELDFAIL, *LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_bin_threshold
   USHORT
                        usBinNumber;
   WORD
                        wRetractBin;
} WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_paper_threshold
    WORD
                        wPaperSource;
                        wPaperThreshold;
    WORD
} WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_detected
   WORD
                        wPosition;
   USHORT
                        usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_bin_status
                        usBinNumber;
    USHORT
    WORD
                        wRetractBin;
} WFSPTRBINSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_presented
```

```
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```

```
USHORT
                usWadIndex;
USHORT usTotalWads;

WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED;
typedef struct wfs_ptr_definition_loaded
    LPSTR
                          lpszDefinitionName;
DWORD dwDefinitionType;

WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED, *LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED;
typedef struct wfs ptr media rejected
                          wMediaRejected;
} WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_retracted
    WORD
                          wRetractResult;
    USHORT
                          usBinNumber;
} WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_device_position
                          wPosition;
} WFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_power_save_change
USHORT usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
WFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
} /*extern "C"*/
#endif
```